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Editor and Proprietor.

THE IRISH NEWS.

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Effects of Jealousy.

"Very well, Mr Smith," said my wife to me one day, as she was leaving the apartment in which we had been sitting together. "As you please, Mr. Smith," added she, in a tone which showed that she at least was not very well pleased.

I was sure, her calling me Mr. Smith, that I had offended her, for at other times she invariably addressed me by the name of Henry. I had incurred her displeasure by inviting one of my friends to dine with us, named Edward Raymond, for whom she professed to entertain a very great dislike. In order to be rid of the disagreeable task of receiving him, she had recourse to a host of excuses, and I thinking that my dignity as a husband would be compromised if I yielded, told her, in as peremptory a manner as I could assume, that I expected she would receive him with that degree of cordiality and respect to which, as a friend of mine, he was entitled. This putan end to further altercation between us, and she, as has been before stated, quitted the room, leaving me to enjoy in tranquillity the triumph I had gained. Harriet and I, at the period of our dispute respecting Mr. Raymond, had been married nearly two years, during which time nothing but circumstance just alluded to had occured to disturb the harmony that prevailed between us. I felt, therefore, considerable uneasiness on this occasion, and had I not fancied that it was a commencement of a series of operations, the object of which was the usurpation of that authority which of right belonged to me, I would have immediately succumbed. When Harriet left me, she went to her own chamber, and I, thinking that as soon as her temper had cooled down a little she would see the propriety of acceding cheerfully to my request, sat writing in expectation that she would return. Upward of an hour, however, elapsed, and she did not make her appearance. I began to think I had been too hasty, and that I had treated Harriet unkindly. I then went to her chamber and found her in tears. When she saw me she said:

"Oh Henry!

This was better than Smith. I drew her affectionately toward me, and a little coaxing I succeeded in drying up her tears.

In married life there is nothing like a little quarrel for reviving the affections. I would not, however, recommend it to be adopted on every occasion, for it is too dangerous an experiment to have recourse to the often.

"Well, dear Henry," said Harriet, after we had sealed our mutual pardon with a kiss; "you no longer require me to receive Mr. Raymond, do you?"

This question startled me. I had been flattering myself that my remonstrance had produced a salutary impression. Not wishing just then to renew the contest, I replied that I did not desire anything which could give her offence; but added, embracing her:

"Tell me, Harriet, what is it that has so prejudiced you against Mr. Raymond?"

"It is not prejudice," said she. "Is he not constanly boasting of what he terms his good fortune amongst the ladies? And has he not asserted several times, in your hearing, that there is no women capable of resisting him? It is for these reasons that I do not like to receive him, and because I have no wish to become the heroine of any of exploits which he is so fond of relating, and which I believe have no foundation anywhere but in his own imagination."

"But," replied I, "what am I to do? I have itvited him to dine with us to day, and I do not see how it is possible for us not to receive him, without subjecting ourselves to the censure of every one that has the slightest pretension to good breeding."

"Oh," said she, "that is easily managed. Write to him and tell him that I am indisposed, and that you will be glad to dine with him at the Club House."

Thankink this plan as good as any other, I adopted it. When I had finished my letter, Harriet asked me at what hour I intended to return from the Club, I told her that it would most likely be about nine, but that it I could I would return sooner.

"Oh," said she, "it was not for that I asked."

"What then?" demanded I, rather disapointed.

"Have you forgotten," inquired she, "that you promised to call early to-morrow morning on my brother Richard, to go with him on a hunting excursion? Now," continued she. "I was thinking it would be better for you when you leave the Club to go direct to my brother's and remain there until the hour of starting, instead of coming home, as it would saue you the fatigue of travelling several miles."

This suggestion appeared to me so reasonable that I at once adopted it; yet some how or other, I could not help thinking it looked very like as if she was glad to get rid of me,

At the time appointed, Raymond and I met at the Club House. He was in high spirits, and was as usual, dressed superbly. Indeed, the most of his time was spent in attending to his dress, for he was, from his limited intellect, incapable of following higher persuits. He was notwithstanding this a great favorite of mine. I was fond of hearing him relate his amours, which by means of a little drollery he contrived to render very amusing, and he was equally well pleased with the on account of the attention I paid him.

When dinner was over we called for some very excellent claret of which we partook freely. In the course of conversation I inquired if he ever intended to marry.

"Mary!" replied he, quite surprised that I should ask him so absurb a question. "Do you think that I am made of marrying material?" said he, surveying himself with an air of complacency; and without giving me time to reply, he continued, "By-the-by, I have not told you of my last conquest. The lady is the wife a person with I am intimately acquainted. He, poor fool, knows nothing of what is going on, and his wife, in order to remove all suspicion from me, pretends to hate me. Mr.——ha, ha!-a capital idea, is it not? But what ails you, my friend, you look quite ill?"

I was indeed ill. Ever since I had left Harriet, I had been thinking how strange it was that she should, so soon after our reconcelliation, propose for me to remain from home all night. This, coupled with the circumstances just related by Raymond, raised up in my mind a dreadful suspicion. Everything seemed to describe exactly the relations existing between us. He was my intimate friend, and my wife pretended to to hate him. It was a striking coincidence; yet nothing in the conduct of my wife warranted me in supposing that she was guilty of the slightest impropriety.

Raymond called for more wine, and I, in order to banish the idea that had taken possession of me, drank of it to so great an excess that I became quite intoxicated, and fell fast asleep. When I awoke, I found that my friend had left me, and that it was quite dark. Finding that I had slept off the stuper produced by the wine I had drank, I arose and walked homeward. On arriving at a little distance from my dwelling, I perceived a light in my wife's chamber, and I saw distinctly the shadows of two persons rebected on the window curtains. One of them was my wife's the other was that of a man, which I felt persuaded, judging from the stature and features, belonged to Raymond. I was, then, the poor fool he had spoken: and it was for this that my wife desired me not to return home. I continued to look up at the window, and I knew by the shadows that my wife was for a moment locked in the embrace of some one. The shadows vanished. I was almost stifled with rage, but, recovering a little, I prepared myself to take immediate vengeance; and for this purpose, I stationed myself by the side of the door. It was opened, and in an instant I rushed upon the person whom I imagined had dishonored me, and almost strangle him. He strave to free himself from my gripe, but revenge had nerved my arm with almost supernatural strength. The girl who let him out, seeing what had happened, called loudly for assistance, and my wife came running out with a light, crying; "Henry! Henry! Good Heaven! he is killing my brother!"

At these words I relaxed my held, and saw that it was indeed my wife's brother, whom, had she been a minute longer, I should most certainly have strangled. When asked why I had acted in so strange a manner, I replied that I thought I had secured a robber, who was about to decamp, after having plundered my house. This reply was deemed satisfactory; I was, however, begged not to be quite so hasty another time. A short time after, I learned that Raymond had not been very successful in his last amour, for that the husband of the lady to whom he was paying his addresses had, after giving him a sound horse-whipping, entered an action against him, and had recovered damages to a large amount, which so impoverished my friend that he was obliged to earn in a foreign country a little of the wealth which he had so misused in his own.

The new Paris ssyle of wearing the hair is called the "out of water" head-dress. It is simply a whole head of hair brushed back over the ears, without the slightest ornament.

A New York paper states that a married lady, Mrs. Teale by name, residing in Concord street, Brooklyn is reported to be now entirely helpless from paralysis occasioned by tight lacing.

Baron Trenck the Prisoner of Magdebourg.

The secrt love of Amelia, the sister of Fredericik the Great, and Baron Trenck, was of a most romantic nature. The unlucky baron appears to have been anothe example of the vanity of human wishes.

While a handsome young officer he attracted the attention and won the affections of the princess, who was not so much distinguished for her beaty as for her exalted rank. Alas! she was also a philosopher like her brother. Her affections, therefore, had their full play in the absence of all religious restraint. The royal brothe decidely ob ected to the attentions of the handsome young officer. He, at the same time, desired to avoid all scandal, and to effect this no time was to be lost.

He gave the young lover the strongest hints to mind and mend his ways. But love is ever blind, and "laughs at locksmiths:" and so it was in this case. The secret interviews continued, but the detectives were too sharp, and revealed every interview to the king.

Arrest for pretended military offenses were the next measures adopted to warn the lovers, and protect the lady in spite of herself. But Trenck was no sooner freed from these restraints than he again returned for consolation to the arms of his mistress. A longer incarceration was next decreed. From this he freed himself, and fled to a town beyond the Prussian limits. There, in his indignation at what he styled Frederick's tyranny, he soon forgot what he owed to one who had sacrified evero thing the world holds dear. In the blind rage he irreparably injured his royal mistress, for he robbed her of that which, while it might have enriched him, left her "poor, indeed." He had the audacity to exhibit, at a large dinner party, the portrait of the Princess Amelia, and boast of the favors she had granted.

Frederick could no longer pretend ignorance of her conduct. Nothing but vengeance remained, and the continued imprudence of Trenck soon furnished the monarch with the opportunity, which he was not slow to improve.

Trenck was suddenly seized and led off to a dungeon of one of the Prussian fortresses, where he suffered that long incarceration whose dreadful story has been told so pathetically and is so familar to the world.

For nine years and five months he was confined in a cell, with his intended grave and a tombstone, inscribed with his name, beneath his feet. He was chained to the wall chained had and foot, with an iron collar, an iron belt around his waist, around his arms and legs, so ironed and fettered that he could not move more than two or three paces. On the 24th of December, 1763, the king released him, giving him a suit of mean clothes and some money, strictly enjoining upon him the necessity of leaving Prussia.

After the death of Frederick the Great, Trenck obtained permission from the new monarch to visit Prussia, for the purpose of gathering up the wreck of his paternal fortune.

On arriving at Berlin, it may easily be imagined that his first and most earnest desire would be to visit the lady who had been the source of all his misfortunes. Alas! what language could describe that interview! It lasted for several hours, and was consecrated to mutual tears. The past, the present, and the future were discussed without any alleviation to their mutual sorrows. What perplexities, what griefs were their!

Trenck, with his hair prematurely gray, his body curved with the weight of sixty pounds of iron, which, for ten years, hung suspended from it, his features changed by grief this, then, was the man who, in his youth, was so remarkable of or manly beuty, and whose image she had so faithfully preserved! He, on the other hand, beheld in her for whom he had suffered so much, a female, who, like himself, was prematurely old; a head entirelp bald, and shaking with the palsy; a form that tottered with feebleness, joined to limbs that, through contortion and disease, were scarce able to perform their office. How in so altered a being was he to trace the once loved object of his affection? How in the accents of affection, the cold, unfeeling train of reasoning, of desperation, and mistrust that now escaped her, was he to recognize the tones by which he was once enamored! How in the illiberal spirit in which she now judged of men and things, could he be reminded of the rich sallies of wit that had so often gratified his understanding? Where were now the impetuosity of youthful gayety and the illumination of her magic? Each now finds in the other a shrunk and emaciated form.

In this moment of trial, the resolution of Amelia proved superior to the courage of Trenck. She so conducted the interview as to make it serve the purpose of diverting, for the time, their mutual sorrows.

She inquired particularly after his situation, and as to the uature of his present resorces and future hopes, and offered him pecuniary assistance, which he accepted. In this spirit they separated, to see each other no more in this world.

Trenck married shortly after, and of this marriage the following very interesting anecdote is told.

It during a brief residence at Aix la Chapple that he made the acquaintance of a baron, who was burgomaster of the town, and had several daughters. Trenck fell in love with the youngest, about eighteen, exceedingly pretty and amiable. He demanded her in merriage. A gayety of temper natural to the lady having, however, occasionod some censures to be passed on her conduct, her husband, on the evening of their marriage, gave a striking proof of his originaiity of character.

When every one had retired to rest, and the bride and bridegroom had entered their apartment, the latter locked the door, took up a pistol, and said:

"I am acquainted madame with the reports that have been circulated respecting your reputation it is but just I should be acquainted also how far these reports are well founded; therefore, choose whether you will make me a generous confession, or perish by my hand."

The poor bride, confused and trembling, wept, lamented, and implored the pity and forbearance of her husband; but in vain. He was inexorable, and to her prayers to spare her life, only answered:

"Let me have a generous confession, with no omissions, no reservations, or receive your death at my hands."

He persevered so absolutely that she was at length obliged to enter on the confession required.

When she had confessed all, Trenck, laying down his pistol, said to her:

"Madame, you were ignorant of my true character; if you had known it you would have entered into no engagement with me; consequently, I should not have been entitled to the avowal now made me. As this is the case, I have no reproach to make, nor will I upbraid you for what has passed. What I wished for was to try if you were capable of telling the truth. This experiment has afforded me convincing proof of your veracity, and I am satisfied. Now that I know you are possessed of sincerity and ingenuousnes of heart, in the fullness of mine, I promise you the tenderest, the sincerest affection.

The lady was delighted, and they lived happily together, she bearing him many children. But, in an evil hour for himself, his restless spirit drew him toward Paris, just at the time the Reign of Terror was at its height. It was not long before the bloodhounds of the Convention were upon his track; and one bright summer afternoon, the prisoner of Magdebourg, the lover of Amelia, found himself in the creaking tumbril that was hurrying a few more unfortunates to the guillotine.

His fortitude and endurance, tried so often, did not desert him. He spoke words of good cheer to his companions in misery; he joked with the railing crowd that accompanied the doomed to their place of punishment; he even hummed a merry song as he viewed the terribly exciting scene with difference.

Arrived at the scaffold, he ran up the stairs with the vigor of step belonging to youth; and, as the heavy sweep of the crimson ax crushed through his neck, and his herd, with its long, gray hair, fell into the basket, one of the spectators cried out: "See how defiant it looks!"

Thus perished the prisoner of Magdebourg.

Perhaps one of the most intertaining and interesting scenes occurring off the stage, took place this morning at a well known eating house in this vicinity. We had scarcely entered the cafe when two characters entirely sui generis, presented themselves at another door. They entered with a slouching gait and set of hat peculiar to the character. They were seedy in apparel, and the general appearnce of "A Ticket-of-Leave-Man." We at once detected their nationality, approached them with "From the old country?" with a provincial intonation of voice. "Ye-es," looking up inquiringly. "Yorkshire?" Na, Nottinghamsheer," very broad. "Brothers?" "Na. but born i, ye same town," He carried a wallet under his overcoat and had a bag suspended to his side, while the other had just set down a box, with a door in its front near the top. "What are you at?" "Why don't ye know?—don't ye see we are rat-catchers?" and with the word he drew a large grey rat from his bag by the tail, swung it round and round, ending by tossing it again in the air and catching it with the ease of a Chinese juggler, the beast exhibiting a shocking tameness. "And what is in that box?" "Ferrets—the gamest animal in the world, and the liveliest. How they hate a rat! Make up a purse, gentlemen, only fifty cents, just to pay for the rat, and ye shall see the gamesomest fight ye ever seen in your lives!" It was done in an instant. Then taking from his pocket a light piece of twine, he attached ii to one of the hind legs of a large Norway rat. His comrade here drew from the box a beautiful cream-colored ferrnt of exceeding tameness, lithe and sinewy, but scarcely a third larger than the rat he was about to encounter. The rat was placed on the ground and the ferret displayed to him. The terror of the rat was extream, and he gave utterance to a cry. Like a snake the ferret sprang on him, and the battle began. The rat was only a dark spot in the arms if his enemy, who had seized him somewhere about the neck. The rat fought furiously, but in vain. It was the embrace of death. Again and again did the exhibitor lift the writhing and struggling forms in the air, holding the rat suspended by the tail, the ferret still holding still holding on until the last drop of blood left the body. This sence was three times repeated, two additional rats escaping from his hand being killed by his terriers who accompanied him. Some idea of the value of the ferret in exterminaling the rat may be formed by the fact that he, with his five ferrets, destroyed no less than 18,070 last year alone. He estimates the cost of a rat in a house or barn, with what they eat and what they destroy, at one dollar per week.

Chicago, April 9th.—The steamboat Sea Bird belonged to the Two Rivers, Maintowec and Chicago line of steamers. She had made four trips this season and was on her fifth when she met with the terrible disaster reported this morning. When off Waulkegan, about half-past six o'clock this morning, fire was seen issuing from a pile of miscellaneous freight store around the after guards. outside of the ladies cabin, and in less than ten minutes' time the entire stern of the boat was wrapped in flames. From the statement of one of the persons rescued it appears that on board became demoralized, even the officers. and no effort was made ta lower the small boats. The only survivors, as far as known, are C. A. Chamberlain and Edwin Hannebury, passengers from Sheboygan. The latter makes the following statement: There were in all about ouo hundred persons on board, including eight or ten ladies and seven or eight children. I saw smoke arising from the main deck, below the ladies' cabin was a lot of tubs and straw lying near, and the fire got among them. I cried "fire!" and the crew and passengers rushed from their rooms. There was great confusion; the fire spread so rapidly as to convince me that it had been burning a long time. Within five minutes the after part of the boat was in flames. I do not thing that all the ladies had to get out of their staterooms, and some of them and their children must have been burned. An effort was made by a portion of the crew to reach the small boats, but they failed. Chamberlain states that about half-past six he was looking over the side of the steamer, and saw a porter come out of the ladies' cabin with a scuttle of coal and ashes, and going to the bulwarks, near where a quantity of miscellaneous freight was stored, he threw the coutents overboard. In about a quarter of an hour he heard an alarm of fire, and saw flames issuing from this pile of freight. It seemed to be not more than ten minutes before the whole after part of the steamer was in flames. It is his opinion when the porter threw the coals over board the wind blew some back into the freight. He heard no explosion and thinks that if the fire had caught from the boiler exploding it would have been discovered sooner. Captain Yates of the schooner Cordelia, states that when off Waulkegan he saw a burning steamer; was distant from her four or five miles; before down to her and succeeded in rescuing two passengers, one of whom was in the waterand the other on the steamer; think it not probable that any others were saved; learned from one of the survivors that after the steamer took fire the helm was lashed hard a port, causing her to whirl around and around as long as the engine worked. The Cordelia did not leave the wreck until she burned to the water's edge.

In the House of Commons, Gladstone, this P. M., soon after the commencement of the sitting. moved the bill to prevent making further appointments to livings in the Irish Church for a specified period, also to suspend the proceedings of the Commission on the Irish Church establishment for the same time.

The Commercial Herald says: The system of permitting volunteer crops of wheat to follow each other, year after year on the same ground, is most pernicious, and will prove the source of very serious evils in the near future, if continued. Not only does the soil become rapidly exhausted, but actually diseased and the freedom we have heretofore enjoyed from rust, insects and blight, will be discontinued, and those destructive agents engrafted upon our agricultural industry. Lands which at one period boasted a yield of from thirty to sixty bushels to the acre now return only twenty, because they are never cultivated in a careful and intelligent manner. They are not plowed deeply enough, manured, allowed to lie fallow or subjected to the rotation of different crops. Persistence in this style of culture is fast bringing us down to the level of the Western grain producing States. For several months of each year our farmers are literally idle, permitting themselves to witness without the least attempt to arrest the gradual but sure deprecation of their possessions. It cost no more to cut a heavy crop of wheat than it does to reap one of much less significance. Instead of altering their crops, and investigating the energy and skill displayed by the farmers of less favored regions, they display a most unaccountable apathy and want of foresight. On many fine, large farms, teeming with natural wealth and fertility, not a potato or other vegetable can be found; and on large ranches, grazing hundreds of choice cattle, neither milk nor butter of their own product ever graces the table of the ranchero. That so loose and pernicious a state of things will eventually bring its own punishment is as certain as possible. While we can control the future, is the proper time to take measures for that end; if the proper remedies be not applied in time, the future will avenge itself.

An English pape mentions an instance of a clever stratagem successfully resorted to in order to elude the vigilance of the Dublin detectives. A telegram from the police of Holyhead transmitted the intelligence that a suspicious looking person was on board one of the mial steamers. His appearance was minutely described, and it was stated that he had two revolvers in his possession. An ordinary observer who saw him going on board would have supposed that he, of all men, was not likely to be a dangerous rebel, as he hobbled along with great difficulty upon a pair of crutches and a wooden leg. The police, however, whose sympathies are not easily excited, evidently looked upon him as Fenian veteran, who had been in active service, and so they telegraphed to the force in Dublin to be on the lookout for the invalid. The "G" men were alive to the importance of the intended capture, and when the steamer came alongside the pier at Kingstown, the approach of the cripple was eagerly awaited. The file of passengers passed out, but still no signs of the expected visitor appeared. At length the detectives began to get impatient, and thought it desirable to search the vessel lest he should be attempting to hide himself. They proceed to the cabin, and there discovered that the stranger had drawn the stumps and left them to wonder how such a marvelous cure had been affected during the voyage. They expected to find a Fenian and two revolvers; they only found two crutches and a wooden leg.

About a month ago, a young girl, on her arrival put up at one of the second-class hotels. Monday night she died rather suddenly, and the doctor who was attending her certified that she came to her death by "gastritis." On the following morning, just after the body of the young girl had been sent down to the boat, to be conveyed to Vallejo for interment, a woman came to the office of the Corner in a high state of excitement, and stated that the young girl referred to above had come down here from her home in an interesting condition, and sought medical assistance. The woman said she knew the character of the medical and surgical operation performed by the doctor whom the young girl had visited, and that she had her suspicious aroused concerning the matter. The Coroner immediately notified the Chief of Police of the circumstance, and he dispatched an officer to the boat to prevent the body from being taken away, but the officer arrived a few minutes too late. Measures have been taken to have the body returned to this city so that a post mortem examination may be held. Friends of the young girl come down here also, to consult with the Coroner on the matter. The doctor alluded to, and another have been arrested and held to bail.

Scudder's Seduction bill came up in the Assembly after some discussion and a good many broad jokes.

Upon its title being called, the signal was given for a little fun among the scoffers, and, during the reading of the bill, numerous amendments were offered, among them the following: By Mr. Wolleb—Amend section 3 by adding, "And any female person above the age of thirty years, who shall, by deceitful and unlawful contrivances or appearances, inveigle, entice, or seduce into matrimony or concubinage any innocent male person of previous chaste character, (more or less,) under the age of twenty-one years or above the age of fifty years, shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished in the same manner." The "gentleman from Santa Barbara" offered the following: Amend section 3 dy adding, "Any female woman over the age of thirty years, who shall, by means of false hair, false eyes, false calves, false teeth, pads, hoops, breastworks, tilters, cushions, plumpers, color, paint, or any other deceitful or unlawful contrivance, inveigle or entice into matrimony or concubinage, any innocent male person of previous chaste character, (more or less,) under the age of eighteen or above the age of fifty years, shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished in the same manner." The "gentleman from Plumas" moved to insert the word "white" before woman, wherever it occured. Mr. Compte offered the following: "Amend by adding after last section the following: Provided, this Act shall not apply to the City and County of San Francisco." It is unnecessary to state that the amendments were ruled out of order, and the bill passed under a suspension of the rules. A notice of a motion to reconsider was given, and there will be a serious fight over it to morrow. To-day they were all in fun.

James Shelton, a boy thirteen years of age, yesterday applied to Chief Crowley for assistance. He said that he came here a short time since, to look for his brother, N. Shelton, who resides somewhere in this state. The poor boy, who is paralyzed in the left side, in relating his story, said his mother died during the war, and his father about five months since leaving James alone, with the exception of a brother, N. Shelton, whome he did not recollect ever to have seen, as he left home when James was a very small bop, but who was said to be a resident of this city. James was at once determised to make his way hear, but, having no money, he was subjected to a great many hardships. However, he set out for New York, going on foot, and at last by rail. At New York charitaple persons assisted him, and a Captain of one the of California steamers, hearing his story, took him on board, and he was landed in this city safely, but without money, and with only one suit of clothes. Beneveolent persons gave him food and shelter, and he tried to find his brother but was not successful. At last he met some men who said they knew his brother, and that he had gone to Virginia City. Without delay the boy went to Sacramento, and from there to Virginia City, going on foot most of the way to the latter place. Arrived there, he could hear nothing of any man of his brother's name, and concluded to come back to this city. The Cheif concluded to send him to the Almshouse, to remain there until his brother can be found.

Vint, Barry tell a good story on the Kuklux Klan., He got it from a young Tennesseean just arrived from the States. Notwithstanding the horrble deeds attribuied to these fellows, it seems that the organization is full of fun and charity. They dress uy as ghosts, always travle at night on horseback. They frequently hunt uy the needy and worthy, carry provisons and deposit them at their door, and never allow the gateful recipent to know who their benefactors are. But these fellows do not like niggers—that is their greatest fault. They play all kinds of jokes on their colored brethern. Negroes are very superstitious, and believe in ghosts. One of these Kuklux, to complete his disguise, had procured a false abdomen of imminence porportions, made of gutta percha. The appaatus was water-thight. One night he rode up to a negro at a spring, and arked the colored cirizen to hand him a bucket of water. The old darkey complied with the request, when Kux put the bucket up to his chin and poured the warter down the gutta-percha. It being dark, the negro throughtof course the man drank the whole of the contents. Kuk called for another bucketful, when the old nig's eyey cralled out of their sockets about an inch. The impostor gulped down the second supply, and, passing the bucket to the negro remarked: "Uncle, just give me one more bucket of warter, if you please; I have not had a drop of water since I was killed at Pea Ridge!" when the old nig dropped the bucket and took to his heels, yelling "Ghost! ghost!"

The London Telegraph pronounces, "on unquestionable authority," all reports of the ill health of the Pope to be wholly untrue. His Holiness is now in excellent health and spirits.

Her Majesty was was assisted by the Prince and Princes of Whales, and by other members of the Royal Family and by members of the Ministry.

"Flag of the free—heart's only hope,
Wave, wave forever on!"

IRISH NEWS

SATURDAY, MAY 30, 1868.

None of our subscribers can have their papers stopped until their dues for it are all paid up. This is a rule observed by all newspapers, and postmasters should note the fact for the benefit of parties ordering their papers discontinued.

Rev. Father Buchard is lecturing in Portland. He compliments that city by saying it is the second in importance on the coast.

A Miss Louisa Harvey is lecturing in the same city on Irish politics. The subject of her last effort was: "Has Ireland, in a religious point of view, the Right of Revolution?"

Harrisburg, Pa, May 14.—The State Convention of Fenians met yesterday; 49 circles were represented. Officers were elected, and a secret session of three hours held. There was an enthusiastic meeting in the evening.

London, May 14.—Hon. Charles Francis Adams took leave of the Queen yesterday at a special audience. He left London soon after for the continent, leaving Mr Moran in charge of the American Legation in this city.

London, May 13th.—The Queen, today, in the presence of a vast multitude of spectators, laid with imposing ceremonies, the cornerstone of Thomas Hospital, which is to be built on the Thames, immediately opposite the House of Parliament.

The chief officers of the Corporation of the City of London have presented an address to the Queen, declaring their profound sympathy with her Majesty for the injuries received by Prince Alfred at the hands of an assassin, and expressing their detestation of the attempted crime.

Toronto, [C. W.] May 16.—It is stated that the Council of Catholic Bishops, now in session at Quebec, have chosen Bishop Lynch, of Toronto, to be Archbishop of the Province, subject to the final decision of the Pope.

New York, May 13.—The English papers of May 1st state that it is announced in London that by the Clerkenwell explosion 6 persons were killed outright, 6 more died from the effects of the explosion, and 5 more owe their deaths indirectly to it. One young man is in a mad house; 40 mothers were prematurely confined and 20 of their children died. Many of the children are dwarfed. One mother is a raving maniac; 12 persons are wounded; 50 went in hospital; 15 are prematurly injured, besides £20,000 worth of property destroyed.

California is growing from 25,000,000 to 40,000,000 bushels of wheat from 600,000 acres of land under cultivation. With 14 000,000 bushels of wheat last year, shipping was scarce, with 112 vessels offering. This year with vastly more grain to export, we have only 86 vessels offering for transportation of grain. The report estimated the arrivals of passengers from the East, in the past quater of the year, at the rate of 25,000 a year increase.

Montreal, May 14—A man named Duggan, a saloon-keeper, and two accomplices, were arrested yesterday, charged with being implicated in the plot to assassinat Thomas D'Arcy McGee. One of the witnesses testified to being present at Duggan's house last December, when the conspiracy was organized. Twelve American and twelve Canadian Fenian were present. He testified that Whalen was present and selected to do the job. He then went by the name of Smith.

Some of our farmers with whom we have conversed, assure us that the anticipation which have generally prevailed of an almost unprecedently bountiful harvest may after all prove to have been premature. There is complaint of an unusally large amount of cheat in the fields, and the early sowed grain does not, in many places grow as thrifty as ordinarily, supposed to be retarded by the dense packing of the ground by the heavy rains. In the vicinity of Lafayette the prospects is said to be quite discouraging, and Taylor valley almost an entire failure. In Ignacio valley also, as well as in this vicinity, the appearance of the growing crops gave rise to serious anxiety. Farmers are proverbially nervous about this time, and we hope they have overestimated the danger, yet there is undeniably ample grounds for serious apprehension. On the San Joaquin the fields are said to look splendidly, A friend has left at our office a sample of wheat stalks form that locality, five feet in height, the heads of which are eight inches long, and there are said to be thousands of acres of wheat tall enough to hide a horse.—Contra Costa Gaz.

Montreal, May 22—The Fenians are preparing at St Albans for another raid on the fronteir, which is expected to take place between the 1st and 10th of June. The preparations indicate a more serious affair than any previous raid. The Canadian Government has ordered that arms and ammunition for active service be served the volunteers.

London, May 23—Advices from Sydney, say that when Prince Alfred left for England in command of his ship, he was well. The attempted assassin of the Prince was executed on the 23d of April. Dispatches from Gen. Napier that he will soon sail for England.

London, May 24—The efforts to prove an alibi in the case of Barrett, the Clerkenwell Conspiritor, have failed, and his execution will take place at the expiration of the week for which he was respited.

Gen. Grant received the unanimous nomination of the Chicago Convention for President of the United States. Hon. S. Colfax was nominated for Vice President.

The following, relating to the marriage of General Bidwell, we copy from a letter to a friend:

The subject of this letter naturally brings to my mind, a refining (but, I imagine, not a trying) process to which your popular fellow-citizen, Gen. Bidwell, was subjected to last Thursday, when bound with the golden chain of matrimony to a fair daughter of J. C. G. Kennedy, the former efficent superintendent of the Census. The ceremony took place at the residence of the brides father, and was attended by a very distinguished company, among whom were noticeable President Johnson and his daughter, Mrs. Patterson, Gen. Grant, Gen. Hancock, several members of the Diblomatic Corps, and many prominent officers. Gen. Wistar, of California, and C. J. Sergeant, of Pennsylvania, acted as groomsmen, and the brides maids were Miss Sallie Kennedy and Miss Gerold, daughter of the Prussian Minister. Gen. Bidwell and his bride left the same evening for New York, and will take the first steamer for California, accoompanied by the Rev. Dr. Curley, the eminent and beloved pastor of the leading Presbyterian church in this city, who has obtained a leave of absence from his congregation, and will visit California for the benifit of his health, which, I am sorry to say, is now very delicate.

On the arrival of the steamer not long since, Detectives Ansbro and Johnson were informed by a passenger that there was two young girls on board who had been inveigled to California by a German named Keiser, under the pretext of giving them honorable employment. One supposed she was comming out to attend on a sick lady, and the other to do family sewing. During the voyage, they ascertained the true character of their destination, which was Nos. 826 and 828 Sacramento street—a locality quite too notorious to require any discription or classification here. As soon as they discovered that they had been duped, they sought protection of the passengers. A contribution was made up for them, and Keiser was at once put under the ban of exclusion from their society. Ansbro and Johnson prowptly repaired to the steamer, and by a piece of good management seenred the girls and their baggage, and sent the former to places of safety with respectable families. The house to which they were consigned under Keiser is kept by a woman known as Mother Heise, who has a male assistant named Lebhardt. There were three or four other girls in the consignment, but it does not abbear that they objected to living with Mrs. Heise. Upon the arrival of the steamer, Lebhardt appeared at the wharf, and, together with Keiser, was proceeding to take charge of the baggage of the young women, when they were summarily ejected from the wharf by the detectives. Shortly afterwrrd Mother Heise herself came down in a carrage, and endeavored to obtain the trunks, but both girls had said they preferred death to a life of shame, and they were by this time beyond the reach of these incarnate divils. The officers indend to give the matter further investigation, as the developments thus far promise another Brannigan-Skillman case. Detectives Ansbro and Johnson, as well as the passengers of the Golden City who interested themselves in behalf of the intended victims of brutal lust, deserve great credit for having thuf rescued two innocent beings from the wolf-laid snare into which they were unwarily being drawn.

A Dirge.

Lay her down tenderly
To sleep the last sleep,
Lovingly, prayerfully,
Dear friends that weep,

Heap the turf gently
Over her breast,
Neath the blue violets
Lay her to rest.

Wave, willows, gracefully
Your low drooping boughs
O'er her last resting-place
The deep chaniel house.

Ye sighing winds mournfully
Sing as ye blow,
He requiem fitfully,
Tenderly, low.

Flowers, how sweetly
Your heads to the breeze,
Whisper more softly,
Ye towering trees.

Wailing so tenderly,
Lovingly low,
For the one who so sweetly
Slumbers below.

BLANCHE C. HOWARD.

MY IRISH WIFE.

I would not give my Irish wife
For all the dames of Saxon land—
I would not give my Irish wife
For the Queens of France's hand.
For she to me is dearer
Than castles strong or lands, or life—
In death I would be near her,
And rise beside my Irish wife.

Oh, what would be this home of mine—
A ruined, hermit haunted place—
But for the light that mighty shines
Upon its walls from Kathleen's face?
What comfort is a mine of gold—
What pleasure is royal life—
If the heart within lay dead and cold,
If I could not wed my Irish wife.

I know the law forbade the banns—
I knew my King abhorred her race;
Who never bent before their clans,
Must bow before their ladies' grace
Take all my forfeited domain—
I cannot wage wiah kinsman strife—
Take knightly gear and noble name,
And I will keep my Irish wife.

My Irish wife has clear blue eyes,
My heaven by day, my stars by night;
And twin-like ant fondess like
Within her swelling bosom white;
My Irish wife has golden hair—
Apell's harp had once such strings—
Apollo's self might pause to hear
Her bird like carol whe then sings.

—(By the late T. D'Arcy McGee.)

The growing grain in this country is most promising for an immense crop. It is almost impossible to find a poor field anywhere. In consequence of the late rains the hill lands and those gravelly portions of the valley, usually most affected by dry weather, will produce, this year, as never before.—San Jose Mercury.

The San Mateo Gazette, of Saturday, is responsible for the following:

An anxious couple from San Francisco called upon the county Clerk, John Ames, on Sunday last, to procure a marriage certificate, but Mr. Ames declined to issue it, on account of the sacredness of the day, informing them that he would issue it Monday morning. Bright and early Monday morning, the certificate was obtained, and the loving twain left for San Mateo by the early train, for the purpose of having Father Dempsey finish up the arrangement; but there was some hitch or impediment in the way, and the Rev. Father declined to officiate, and the parties returned to Redwood City by the half-past nine o'clock train, and sought out Justice Keith, who was lying sick at his residence at the time. The Justice tried to beg off, but it was of no use; it was a case of emergency, and "the thing must be did," whether or no. The result was, that the Justice, assisted by Colonel Jaques, proceeded to join the two together in the holy bonds of matrimony, according to the laws of this State, which the parties thought would answer their present purpose, and they would trust to Providence for getting the apostolical clinch hereafter.

The Laborers' Eight-Hour League appointed a committee to wait upon the Council, and asked their interference in relation to the public work of the City. The Council appointed a Committee to inquire into the cause of complaint. They at once called on Mr. Cofran, the Street Commissioner, and learned that the City was working all the hands employed by the day under the Eight-Hour rule, but they are not requiring the contractors to confine themselves to the same principle. The Committee contend that that they have a right to demand of the City authorities that all contracts made for City work shall specify that the contractors shall do the work at eight hours per day, and no more. This seems to be the law.

The Committee, in their report, give the following singular facts:

On the 11th of December, 1867, the Board of Education passed a law requiring all their work to be done in accordance with the Eight-hour system. On the 23d of that month the question was before the Board of Supervisors, by resolution of Mr. Schrader, which only required that eight-hours should be a day's work where the City were employing men by the day. This was not satisfactory to the Eight-Hour men, and they demanded a law that all contractors should be likewise bound to employ Eight-Hour men on all public works. In this they succeeded, as shown by the following extracts from the minutes of the Board:

Supervisor Schrader moved the adoption of a resolution fixing eight hours as a day's labor, where mechanics and laborers are employed by the City, which on motion, was laid on the table, and the following resolution, No. 7,801, (by Edward Nunan,) adoption by unanimous vote:

Resolved, That eight hours' labor shall be a legal day's woak for all mechanics and laborers in our employ, or that may be employed by persons doing work for the City and County of San Francisco, under direction or control of this Board, and that a stipulation to that effect shall be made a port of all contracts hereafter let by this Board, or by any Committee thereof.

The belle of Portland does the cooking for her father and mother, and in the afternoon drives out with the finest span of horses in twon, thinking it an honor to be able to prepare a meal of victuals. This her sister belles declare "shocking."

A certain little damsel, being aggravated beyond endurance by her big brother, plumped down upon her knees and cried, "Oh Lord! bless my brother Tom. He lies; he steals; he swears; all boys do; us girls don't. Amen!"

Special Notices.

The traveling public will be happy to hear that the Lick House has not been closed, but that it still goes on under the able and courteous management of Messrs. Johnson & Co., who have renewed their lease of this popular hotel. See card.

We ask special attention to the card of the Sonoma Valley Land Association. 14,000 acres of the best land in the State, with a patent from the United States, the land situated in the finest valley in the world, and only three hours by rail from San Francisco, are offered in lots from ten acres upwards. We are preparing a historical, minute description of Sonoma county, with a diagram, showing the location of the land of this company, railroad route, etc., which will appear in our next issue.

The New Homestead Association, offers superior inducements to parties desiring homestead lots in the prettiest location in the city. The street cars will run clear into this property. F. B. Wilde, Esq., 407 California street, is Secretary.

BEAUTY.—Nothing adds more to beauty than clean white Teeth healthy, rosy Gums, and a sweet breath; on the contrary, the most beautiful face and rosy lips become repulsive if when the latter are opened exhibit the spectacle of neglected Teeth. The continued use of any condiments, or articles containing any acid is injurious. The safest and most pleasant preparation, is Dr. Spencer's Fragrant Sapoine, which makes the teeth beautifully white, and the breath as sweet as roses.

BEAUTIFUL TEETH are an ornament equally attractive to both sex, and distinguishes the elegant, from the slovenly lady or gentleman: but it is more especially to woman that fine teeth are necessary: as she must captivate before she enslaves the heart.
The daily use of Dr. Spencer's Fragrant Sapoine will prove as effectual as well as the most pleasant toilet article for beautifying and preserving the teeth.

The rumor which was going the rounds, a few days since, of the projected opening of an extensive Grocery and Tea establishment, at Nos 520 and 522 Clay street, opposite the Fish Maaket, by A. Sparboro turns out to be well founded—the establishment ii to be known as the "Clay Street Grocery." Already a small army of carpenters and painters may be seen busy at the new establishment, and in about a week the enterprising proprietor will throw his doors open, and be ready to receive his old friend and the public generally. It is the intention of the proprietor to sell nothing but first quality articles in his store, and the prices will be reduced to a standard unprecedented on the Pacific Coast. All goods will be sold in quantities to suit every one, and delivered everywhere, free of extra charge. Parties who may desire to replenish their stock will, we do not doubt, find it greatly to their advantage to retard their purchase a few days, and then call at the "Clay Street Grocery." Due notice of the day of opening will be given.

A CARD.

A report, that the well-known firm of B. SPARBORO, No. 531 Washington street, intended to Remove to another locality, having gained ground during the last few days, and caused great surprise to his friends and to families in general, he would beg leave to inform them, that the said report is altogether unfounded and that he can always be found at his well-known Store No. 531 WASHINGTON STREET, where he intends for the future, as in the past, to keep the largest assortment of FAMILY GROCERIES always on hand at the lowest rates. B. SPARBORO.
San Francisco, May 23, 1868.

A Lady Writes:—"Through the recommendation of a friend I was induced to try Dr. Spencer's Fragrant Sapoine to remove a fetid breath, and the result was as pleasant, as the effect was marked, and I continue to use it to keep my breath sweet, and my teeth white and clean."

The Dentist.—If you have decayed teeth, go at once to a skillful dentist and have them put in good order; after which brush them daily with Dr. Spencer's Fragradt Sapoind, and by so doing arrest decay, perserve the teeth, and avoid the toothache with all its attending horrors. It is as pleasant as it is effectual.

The human nature is the same, whether in broadcloth and jewels, or overalls and dirt, was never more aptly illustrated than in two suits which have recently been commenced in our District Courts. The defendants are classed as leading citizens, and both stand among the first capitallists and financiers of the Pacific coast. One of these gentlemen is sued for fifty thousand dollars damages for the alleged seduction of the plaintiff's wife. It was rumored a few daos since that the suit had been compromised, by the payment of ten thousand dollars in gold coin, but there is probably no truth in the report, as the defendant's answer, denying the allegations in the complaint, has since been filed. It is due to the defendant to state that he and his friends claim that the suit was instituted for black-mail purpose, and that the wife of the plaintiff is regarded as a pure woman, whose great misfortune it has been to have a worthless husband, with whom she has not lived for some time. The second case is a suit brought to recover several thousand dollars for services claimed to have been renderep as follows: The plaintiff charges that the defendant, a leading financier, had for some years been "protecting" the wife of another man, until, for the sake of their children, they deemed it proper to marry. Of course, the husband must be got rid of, and for this service the plaintiff claims to have been employed. The husband was induced to leave the State, that a divorce might be obtained by the wife in his absence, and for this service the plaintiff claims liberal payment.

A Western editor says that in smoky Pittsburgh men kiss each other's wives, and are able to tell which is there own by the taste.

THIRD LETTER.

JOHN MITCHEL TO JOHN MARTIN.

Dear Martin—My two letters lately addressed to you have given, as I expected, some pain and disapointment to good and worthy Irishmen, who did not know the truth as well as you and I know it; and also to some who were so pleased with the flattering delusion that they did not wish to be rudely awakened from it. That there is a "revolution" now in progress in Ireland—that there is an Irish army here in the United States, able as well as willing to aid that Revolution, and that this month or next month or the month after, the Irish forces are about to engaga and defeat the British army, and after given full notice of that intention, and when our enemy has nothing else to do than to attend to us—these were pleasing dreams; and uobody can wonder if many patriotic people are provoked at being roused out of them. But after all there is no use in dreams; for we are living in a world painfully real. And of one thing you may be well assured: that the Irish national spirit on this continent, as well as in Ireland, suffers nothing by the collaps of that ehormous sack of gas called Fenianism. On the contrary whatever there was of genuine and earnest in the movement has been much stimulated and developed by the recent atrocity of the enemy's government; by its prosecution of the press in Ireland for doing less than the London press is doing every day; by the bold vendications of national right made before the Queen's judges by Sullivan, by yourself, and (better than all) by the gentle and gallant Mackey. All these things have been sinking into men's heart, and preparing our race for something far more perilous to English power that all the fau faronade and snnburstery. The organizations of Irishmen which were acrually in existence throughout the United States are still here, and I believe extending and increasing; although now (at least in a great many cases) unconnected with either branch of the double-headed or double-winged central authority or authorities. The real available power of the vast Irish element on this continent, Fenian and non-Fenian [and the most intellegent, and therefore strongest part of it is, and always was, unconnected that with organization) is becoming more formidable in the exact proportion in which humbug and delusion are purged away, and mem understand the real basis on which the cause of Ireland must stand. I have been looking out with anxiety, to see the direction which the Irish mind on both sides of the Atlantic would take, after the manifest failure of the "Fenian war" and neccessary failure of every attempt to begin making any war at all in present circumstances. Many comments as might have been expected, have been made upon my two former letteas addressed to you; but I do not perceive that any commentator (whose opinion counts) has attempted to contradict my facts. Thep say he does not know; he is outside all Circles. Or they say, all he says may be true, but he was not the man to say it; or he ought to have said it before; or he ought not to have said it just yet. Or they say, see how the English and Orange men praise him! He must be a bad Irishman. Well, when I found myself obliged to come out against all that nonsense, I was prepared for some reproval at the hands of patriotic Irishmen, and even prepared for some false praise on the part of English and Orangemen, a thing more provoking and humiliating. But I cannot help, for the present, either the one or the other. Of Irishmen on your side of the Atlantic, I have seen the comment of three men worth counting. These are yourself, Dean O'Brien, of Limerick, and Father Lavelle. In your letter to the Dublin pabers, I find that you do not at all contravert my views as to the impotence and futility of the actual Fenian system, but apply yourself to refute my assumption that British dominion must be destroyed by war and revolution, and to urge your own theory, that "Repeal of the Union," cat be exhorted from England by peaceful agitation, sustained by the terror of that "great fact" as you call that great sensation called Fenianism. It is true that in a later published letter you fairly admit and proclaim all that I had affirmed—

"The Fenian enterprises were wildly impracticable—unscrupulous delusions were employed to men of military knowledge to entea into those interprises—dacadful suffering has been brought upon over a thousand Irish families in consequnce of Fenianism."

It is precisely the impracticable enterprises and unscrupslous delusions that I declared war against; feeling, as I did, that the first neccessits for us, undertaken such an enterbrise as is now before us (the overthrow of the British Empire] was to plant our feet on firm facts, and no longer to expose brave men and innocent families to destruction upon a mere blind impulse of sunburstery. Doctor O'Brien, of Limerick, whom I respect as the author of the diocesan declaration in favor of legislative independence for his country, has also, I fiud, honored me with some notice. He is one of those, apparently, who think I ought to have spoken out long ago.—I quote from his letter (or speech, I know not which) as I find it extracted in the Irishman—

"Mr. John Mitchel's letter, on which you commented last Thursday, if a fair representation of our popular dispositions in Ireland—everyone prepared for the struggle, if the chance presented itself of making head. As to the condition of active hostility or vengeance abroud, the thousands who wait an opportvdity, and who endeavor to make, I suppose Mr. Mitchell is a sound authority. I regret, however, that he did not long give the world a knowledge of the 'swindle' and 'absuridity' and 'wickedness' of the official adventurers whom he appesrs ao have known for years, and he might have saved some poor fellowf from the scaffold, and many form the felon's chains."

Now, in the first place, where did Dean O'Brien find in my letters the charges of "swindle,', "absurdit&," and "wickedness"? And if he did not find such words there, why does he mark them with quotation marks? But, not waiting for an answer for this, I further ask Dean O'Brsen—Was it my duty "long ago" to go about proclaiming that a project with which I had no concerh myself was a "swindle"? When the organization in America did me henor—and it was an honor—to offer me the presidency, then, and not till then did I feel myself authorized to state my views of the unsoundness of the whole system, and the delusions and exaggerations upon which it was based and carried forward. As for "swindle" or "wickedness," I said nothing of all that. Bnt Doctor O'Brien continues—still speaking of me—in this extraordinary manner—

"In 1862, when writing from Paris, his opinons did not appear nearly so strong on the subject of the "rottenness' and rascality of the "Centres' as they appear now; and his glorifications of Stephens, whose treasurer he seemed to have been, and to whom he trausmitted large sums of money' did, to my certain knowledge, deceive a great many in Ireland. I myself had a serious battle on my hands the whole of that year, 1863, with the shell of Fenianism—the 'St. Patsick's Brotherhood'—and I was very sorrá to fiud that a gentleman ts whom 1848 ought to have taught the the neccessity of prudence, gave them a helping hand against those who struggled for their good.

As Dean of Limerick has a "certain knowledge" that I, in certain letters from Paris, "glorified Stephens," and that this glorification "deceived a great many in Ireland." I suppose it is not unreasonable that I should ask him to point out the letters written from Paris, or from anywhere else' in which the said glorification is perpetrated. He must mean published letters, for otherwise the glorification could not have "deceived a great many in Ireland;" so that he can shurely lay his hand upon them, or at least indicate where they are to be found. In the mean time, pending his search for those dobuments, I state (setting my "certain knowledge" against Doctor O'Brien,s) that I never even mentioned Mr. Stephens with common respect in any letter public or private. And what do you think of that Reverend or Right Reverend Dean who avers his certain knowledge that a certain man 3,000 miles off deceived a great many in Ireland, and by letters glorifying Mr. James Stephens, when he cannot refer to the letters themselves, nor tell us where he saw them, nor who else saw them. One thing is very plain to me that the Dean of Limerick, though he is no Fenian—though he fought Fenianism in its shell—though he cannot contradict one syllable I have said of it, but rather confirms all.—yet bears a grndge against me for letting the wind out of the bag. He thaught it useful to have such a shape of terror looming in the background, while he is agitating the British government, as it were;—poor, simple and timorous British government!—as if the British government did not know, better than you or I or Doctor O'Brien, the exact measure, the height and depth, of the Fenian sensation. Father Lavell,s comment, as I find it in a late published letter of his, is much more candid and straight-forward, as I shoulq have expected at the hands of this brave and generous priest of Party, the chivalrous protector of his poor people, the terror and scourage of crow-bar-brigadier-bishops,—the learned, wity, and wise Patrick Lavell, whom of all the priests in Ireland I have long loved the best (save one). He defends me against the damaging praise of Judge O'Hagan; and though the good Father himself does his best—like the rest of you—to make the most of this Fenianism as a political mashinery, and is evidently displeased with me for disparaging the "great fact," still he will not staud by and hear a Queen's judge treacherously commending me for what I never uttered nor thought. Says Father Lavelle;

"I am sure Mr. Mitchel will be rather astohished at fiuding himself quoted by Mr. Justice O,Hagan as opposed to any interference with foreign rule in his native land. Yet so it was in the judge's address to Captain Mackey previous to the passing of sentence. No doubt the learned judge misrepresented the veteran patriot; and what Mr. Mitchel meant as expedience, or rather inexpediency and imprudence—that of rushing usclessly into the lion's mouth, he mistook for the assertion of principle and "the folly anc guilt," as the phrase has gone, of at all contesting the right of England to keep rivetted the chains of Ireland."

I thank Father Lavelle for doing me this justice; for it would indeed be to hard if I were now, at this day, realy thought worthy of one word of sincere cummeddation from one of the Queen's judges as having protested against all interference with foreign rule in my native land. To resume the whole matter: no Irish nationalist need have the slightest apprehension of any cooling off or diminution in the ardent, passionate desire and resolve of our Irish-American citizens to aid in the redemption of their orignanl country and its complete liberation from Britssh rule and British connection, whenever a feasible opportunity shall present itself. The Irish element on this continent, in sloughing off its contracting "shell" of Fenianism, cannot but grow into something stronger, stronger, and far more formidable than ever. For that collapsed concern, with its high sounding pretensions, its monstrous exaggerations and delusions, its factions and "disunions," its phantom army and its Flying-Dutchman navy, and its insolent denunciations of all who did not belong to it, kept at a distance the best nationalists in Aerier, as well as the best in Irnland. Amongst the Irish there is no disunion at all, but a perfect and faternal agreement, to act together, and with a will, whenever they see the chance. Fenians and non-Fenians indiscriminately will pour in their money, and will stake their lives upon any land or sea the moment they arr called upon by those whom they can trust. In the mean-time we beg to advertise the American government and the French government, that England is now and henceforth utterly powerless to resist any aggression or to resent any affront. The day of her existence as a "first-rate Power" is over in this world, I trust, forever. John Mitchel.

SAUCELITO LAND AND FERRY COMPANY.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE water frontage of the Saucelito Ranch, which is about four miles on San Francisco and Richardson's Bays, and embraces 1,100 acres of land, have determined to offer the same to the public in the following manner:

It is proposed to make 2,500 shares of $500 each, payable $10 in gold coin on subscribing to each share, and $15 per month on each share thereafter, without interest, until the whole amount is paid,

The proprietors will include the Ferry boat "Princess," together with the new wharf just completed on the premises: and further agree to have the lands Surveyed, Roads and Avenues laid out, Plots and Maps made (at their exyense) by Colonel C. S, Bulkley, late Chief Engineer of the Russian-American Telegraph Expedition, in an intelligent manner, keeping in view the undulations of the land, and adapting the survey of the property so as to permit any one of the shareholders to obtain from one-half and acre to 10 or 20 acres, as they may elect. As soon as 1,000 shares are subscribed the Stockholders may proceed to incorporate and elect their permanent officers.

The proprietors have passed a resolution donating a large amount of money to the San Francisco and Humboldt Bay Railroad Company, for the purpose of commencing the grading of said road from the Company's property at Saucelito to San Rafael.

Sonoma County has recently voted $5,000 per mile to a Railroad from the Marin County line to Russian River Valley, leaving a short link to be completed from San Rafael to the Sonoma County Boundary.

A Railroad will probably be constructed at an early day from Vallejo, the terminus of the Sacramento and Vallejo Railroad, around San Pablo Bay shore, to connect with the San Francisco and Humboldt Bay Road, making a terminus at Saucelito.

The Company's ferry-boat runs daily (fare 25 cents each way,) starting from Meigg's Wharf, as per advertisement; the Omnibus and North Beach and Mission Railroad Cars take passengers from all parts of the city to the said wharf.

To speak of Climate, Water, Freedom, from Wind, Dust, and Sand, is Superfluous to those who have once visited this delightful spot.

It is proposed to devide the land within 60 days.

Subscription Books are now open at the Company's Office 327 Montgomery St., and on the Company's Ferry Boat.

J. P. THOMPSON,
T. N. CAZNEAU,
H. A. COBB.
Committee appointed by the Proprietors, San Francisco, May 15th, 1868.

STILL GREATER REDUCTION
IN THE PRICES OF
CHOISE TEAS AND COFFEES,
:...AL O.....
FINE WINES AND LIQUORS, Etc,

B. SPARBORO,

Wholesale and Retail Gracer, No. 531 Washington street, having just received a large lot of the choicest chops of Black and Japan Teas, Java, Costa Rica and Rio Coffees; also, an invoice of fine Wines, Liquors, etc., would now offer them to his patrons and the public, in lots to suit, at the following reduced rates:

TEAS.

Fine Black or Mixed Challenge, per lb 60 to 75c
Fine Family Mixture.....85c to $1 00
No 1 Oolong. Black or Mixed.....$1,00 to 1 25
The Celebrated Comet.....90c to $1 00
Genuine Basket .....$1 to 1 10
C. A. Low & Co.'s English Breakfast $1 25 to 1 50
Moeondray & Co.'s Japan Teas, in packages or bulk.....90c to $1 25
Finest Japan Teas, in jars or lacquered boxes 3 lb each.....$3 75
Japan Teas in lacqured boxes, 5 or 10 lb each $4 50 to 8 50
Comet, Young Hyson, or Gunpowder Green $1 50

COFFEES.

No. 1 Costa Rica, 5 lb. for $1, or per bag..17 to 16½c
No. 1 Rio, 5 lb. for $1, or per bag.....18½c
Fresh Ground or Roasted, 4 lb for $1

WINES AND LIQUORS.

Fine Old Port and Sherry Wine per gall $2 50 to 4
Fine Old Port and Sherry Wine per bot. 75c to $1 25
California Angelica Wine per bottle.....50 to 75c
California Angelica Wine per gallon.....$2
Old France Cognac per gallon.....$4 to 8
Old American Cognac per gallon.....$2 to 4
J. F. Martel's and other brands per bot...75c to $2
Old American Whiskeys per gallon...$2 to 3 50
Cutter's Old Bourbon per gallon.....$3 75 to 5
Dally's A A A per gallon.....$3 50 to 5
Cutter's "Old Bourbon," Daley's A A A per bottle.....$1 to 1 25
Scotch and Irish Whiskeys per bottle $1 to 1 25
Scotch and Irish Whiskeys per gallon $1 50 to 5 50
Rum (Jamaica) per gallon.....$4 50 to 5 50
Rum (Jamaica) per bottle .....$1 25 to 1 50
Holland Gin per gallon.....$4 50 to 5 50
Holland Gin per bottle.....$1 25 to 1 50
Champagnes, Sillery, Bouquet, Heidseick, Cliequot, Comet, etc., etc., in pints quarts, per basket.....$23 to 25

——All goods warranted as represented, and sold at the lowest rates.

Goods delivered to all parts of the city, and to steamers and cars, free of charge.

Private MEDICAL AID.

QUICK CURES

.....AND.....

MODERATE CHARGES.

DOCTOR DOHERTY'S

Private Medical and Surgical Institute.

SACRAMENTO STREET,

Below Montgomery,

(Opposite the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office.) Private entrance on Leidesdorff st., San Francisco.

Established Expressly to afford the Afflicted sound and scientific Medical Aid, in the treatment and cure of all Private and Chronic Diseases, cases of secrecy and all sexual disorders.

To the Afflicted.

DR. W. K. DOHERTY returns his sincere thanks to his numerous patients for their patronage, and would take this opportunity to remind them that he continues to consult at his Institute for the cure of chronic diseases of the Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, Digestive and Genito-Urinary Organs, and all Private Diseases, viz.: Syphilis in all its forms and stages, Seminal Weakness, and all the horrid consequences of Self-abuse; Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Strictures, Nocturnal and Diurnal Emissions, Sexual Debility Diseases of the Back and Loins, Inflammation of the Bladder and Kidneys, etc., etc.; and he hopes that his long experience and successful practice will continue to insure him a share of public patronage. By the practice of many years in Europe and the United States, he is enabled to apply the most efficient and successful remedies against diseases of all kinds. He uses no mercury, charges moderate, treats his patients in a correct and honorable way, and has references of unquestionable veracity from men of known respectability and high standing in society. All parties consulting him by letter or otherwise, will receive the best and gentlest treatment and implicit secrecy.

DR. DOHERTY would call attention to the following certificates, from two of his patients, who, having fully recovered their health, desire to make known their remedial agent. It will be seen their statements are fully authenticated by a notary public. The welfare of society imperiously demands their publicity, and they are given more to warn the unwary than to sound the praises of a physician, of whom hundreds of like cases can be cited, during a practice of more than fifteen years.

A CASE OF GLEET AND STRICTURE.

DR. DOHERTY—Dear Sir: I find my health so fully restored, that, in common gratitude, I believe I should make you some written acknowledgement for your valuable services—particularly so as your fee was small for the work performed.

I arrived in this city from the East about one year ago, and was then suffering from an old case of Gleet, complicated with Stricture. The latter was so bad that I feared an entire stoppage of urine. Being a stranger in this city, and believing that those Doctors who gave such positive assurances of success were necessarily the best, I placed myself in their charge, and continued under their treatment until I had lost nearly all hope and a considerable sum of money.

I wish to say now that you are the sixth Doctor I have employed, and the only one that has ever done me any service. My Gleet is wholly cured, the Stricture is all removed, and my general health is better than it has been for years.

In conclusion, I would say to the many unfortunates who require medical advice, if you have any doubt as to whom you may employ, ask DR. DOHERTY for my address, and call and see me (I keep store in this city.) My experience may save you many dollars.

I would also add, that in the early stage of my disease, I used a large amount of the preparations advertised as an infallible cure for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, etc., but never derived any benefit from them.

I am, Doctor, very truly, yours, L—— H——
San Francisco, June 16, 1864.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 15th day of July, A. D. 1864. A. S. GOULD, Notary Public.
[L. S.]

SEMINAL WEAKNESS—A SWORN TO CERTIFICATE OF MOST REMARKABLE CURE OF SPERMATORRHŒA.

A desire to benefit suffering humanity, and a feeling of gratitude to DR. W. K. DOHERTY, induce me to make this statement. For many years I had been afflicted with that fearful disease known as "Spermatorrhœa," or Seminal Weakness, the result of self-abuse, but till 1855 experienced but little trouble or inconvenience; in that year, however, I had Seminal Weakness to a fearful extent, which was soon followed by the most alarming symptoms, as weakness of the back and limbs, pain in the head, dimness of vision, nervousness and general debility. My mind, too, was affected to such an extent as to seriously impair my memory; my ideas were confused and spirits depressed. I was averse to society, had evil forebodings and self-distrust, and was entirely unfitted for any of the duties of life. From 1855 to the Summer of 1863, I employed the very best medical talent I could find and spent several hundred dollars, but in no instance obtained more than temporary relief. I had about concluded there was no relief for me in this world, but reading Dr. Doherty's advertisement, I thought I should call and see him, as he charged nothing for consultation. I had an interview with Dr. Doherty, at his office, in Sacramento street, and his fee for treatment was so reasonable, I determined to try him, though I did not expect much benefit from his treatment. On the 5th of December last, I placed myself under his care; in one week I found myself very much improved, and now, after five weeks treatment, I feel myself thoroughly cured of all my troubles, and in the enjoyment of the best health. Hoping that my experience may be of benefit to others similarly afflicted, I subscribe myself,

JAMES JOHNSTON.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 15 day of January, A. D. 1864.
[L. S.] A. G. RANDALL, Notary Public.

To Females.

When a female is in trouble, or afflicted with disease, as weakness of the back and limbs, pain in the head, dimness of sight, loss of muscular power, palpitation of the heart, irritability, nervousness, extreme urinary difficulties, derangement digestive functions, general debility, vaginitis, all diseases of the womb, hysteria, sterility, and all other diseases peculiar to females, she should go or write at once to the celebrated female doctor, W. K. Doherty, at his Medical Institute and consult him about her troubles and disease. Irregularities, suppressions, etc, will receive the Doctor's most particular attention. Let no false delicacy prevent you, but apply immediately and save yourself from painful sufferings and premature death. All married Ladies, whose delicate health or other circumstances prevents an increase to their families, should write or call at W. Dr. K. Doherty's Medical Institute, and they will receive every possible relief and help. The doctor's offices, consisting of a suit of six rooms, are so arranged that he can be consulted without fear of observation.

To Correspondents.

Patients (male or female) residing in any part of the State, however distant, who may desire the opinion and advice of Dr. Doherty on their respective cases, and who think proper to submit a written statement of such, in preference to holding a personal interview, are respectfully assured that their communications will be held most sacred. Dr. Doherty takes this opportunity of observing, that all letters are only opened and replied to by himself, and that the latter as promptly as possible.

If the case be fully and candidly described, personal communications will be superseded, as instructions for diet, regimen, and the general treatment of the case itself (including the remedies) will be forwarded without delay, and in such a manner as to convey no idea of the purport of the letter or parcel so transmitted. Consultation (at the office or by letter,) FREE. Permanent cures guaranteed or no pay. Address,

WM. K. DOHERTY, M. D.,
mar24 San Francisco

LAND ASSOCIATION.

SONOMA VALLEY

THIS ASSOCIATION ARE THE proprietors of one of the most desirable Ranchos in Sonoma County, comprising about 14,000 acres, situated about 30 miles north of the city of Vallejo, the terminus of the California Pacific Railroad, 9 miles from Sonoma city, 34 miles from Santa Rosa (the capital of the county), and 31 miles from Napa; and upon the line of the projected railroad from Vallejo, via Sonoma City, to Santa Rosa, etc. When this road is completed these lands will be reached within three hours from San Francisco; and, as projected, will run through the centre of this tract. Farms thereon, in lots to suit purchasers, are now offered to public at low prices and upon very advantageous terms. The reputation of Sonoma Valley as a wheat-growing and wine-producing country, is so well established that it is unnecessary to dilate upon the subject. These lands are particularly adapted to the culture of the grape. Large vineyards, producing the finest wines, exists in all parts of Sonoma Valley. Water and wood in abundance. The rapidity with which this country is becoming settled, the proximity of these lands to market, the quality of the soil, and the healthy and delightful climate, must cause a rapid increase of value. Two thousand acres of this land will be offered in ten-acre Homestead lots, for persons of small means who desire to secure to themselves a pleasant and profitable home; and will be sold with the facilities of payment granted by the various Homestead Associations organized in this city. The purchaser of one of these small farms will acquire a solid piece of property possessing an intrinsic value which he can either convert at once into a delightful and productive residence, or rent, so as to realize an interest upon his investment. The building-sites upon this tract are unsurpassed for beauty and natural advantages.

The Sonoma Valley Land Association have located a town to be called TEMPLEVILLE, upon a pleasant part of their tract, about half way between Sonoma City and Santa Rosa, where they offer

TOWN LOTS FOR SALE,

at the low price of TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS ($25) payable $5 cash, and the balance at $2 per month. A limited number of lots will only be sold. An opportunity is thus offered of securing a HOMESTEAD in a delightful country, where the climate is unsurpassed, and where there must be a great increase of value within a short time.

Title perfect—Government patent.

Maps of the Rancho, and of the surrounding country and town, can be seen at the office of the Association, No. 415 MONTGOMERY STREET. Office No. 1, where further particulars can be obtained.

my16 H. W. SPENCER, Secretary.

Ahead of all Competition

IN

RICHARDSON'S NEW METHOD

For the Pianoforte,

BEING THE

Only Book the Teacher Requires,

AND

The Book Every Pupil is Attracted to.

Its lessons are adapted to pupils of all ages, and its exercises attractive and useful in every stage of advancement. This book has, on account of its actual merit, become the standard work of Piano instruction, and the only one which every well-informed teacher and scholar uses. Price, 3,75; sent post-paid.

OLIVER DITSON & CO.,
Publisher, Boston.
CHAS. H. DITSON & CO., New York.

CONGRESS AND EMPIRE WATER,

We are agents for these Waters, and keep a large supply constantly on hand, in pints and quarts. These Waters are bottled fresh and pure from the Springs at SARATOGA, N. Y., in so careful and secure a manner that they preserve all their medical properties and value for years, and will be found to produce the same effect thousands of miles distant that they do when drank at the Springs. A perseverance in the use of these Waters almost invariably cures the disease for which they are so highly recommended.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Agents,
San Francisco and Sacramento, Cal.

A CARD.

BUILDERS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

INCORPORATORS:

THOMAS MOONEY	NATHANIEL PAGE,
SAMUEL CRIM	JOHN CENTER
J W McCORMICK	J D CONNELL,
A ROSENFIELD	W A JANKE
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D JORDAN.	

CAPITAL:

$50,000, in 500 Shares of $100 Each

Policies issued on all classes of

FIRE AND MARINE RISKS.

METHOD OF BUSINESS.

First—Low Charges.
Second—Prompt payment of Losses.
Third—No Lawsuits.
Fourth—All disputes which may arise are to be settled by arbitration, as may be seen by the following agreement, which is inserted on all the policies, viz:

"It is hereby agreed, by and between the Builders' Insurance Company and ——, the assured in this policy, that in case any difference shall arise touching any claim for loss or damage under this Policy, the same shall be submitted to Arbitrators—one to be chosen by the Company, and one by the assured; and in case of their disagreement, the two persons so chosen shall choose a third person—and the written award of two of the arbitrators, as to the amount of compensation for the damage sustained, shall be final and binding on the Company and the assured, without further recourse."

President.....THOMAS MOONEY
Secretary.....SAMUEL CRIM
Actuary.....JOHN FOWLER

☞ Office in the CALIFORNIA BUILDING AND SAVINGS BANK, California street, one door from Sansome. no20

☞ **Strangers Visiting San Francisco** can use the Burglar-Proof Vault of the CALIFORNIA BUILDING, LOAN, and SAVINGS BANK, California street, (one door from Sansome street,) for the temporary deposit of Gold Dust, Coin, Bonds, etc., at a small monthly rent, according to the value of the property deposited, for which the Company will be accountable.

THOMAS MOONEY, President.

PHILADELPHIA BREWERY

Second St., near Folsom, San Francisco

JOHN WIELAND

PROPRIETOR.

THIS OLD AND FAVORITE BREWERY has a larger patronage than any other establishment in the city. The Beer manufactured here is acknowledged to be superior to any beverage of a like nature produced in the State, and is a wholesome and refreshing draught for family use. The Brewery having been recently enlarged, orders, however large, from the city or interior, can be promptly supplied. The Beer from this Establishment enjoys the reputation throughout the State which is unequalled by any, and the proprietors are determined to maintain the fame they have achieved. Families supplied with any quantity on short notice, by the wagons that daily wait on customers throughout the city.

The country trade supplied on the most reasonable terms. All over the State the fame of this great Brewery is known, and also its popular proprietors.

NEW HOMESTEAD ASSOCIATION.

$535 PER LOT,

In Thirty-five Monthly Installments of Fifteen Dollars,

WITHOUT INTEREST.

WITHIN THE LAST FEW DAYS A NEW Homestead Association has been projected in a portion of the Western Addition, which is to be opened by a line of cars this summer, within a few months. It is Block 464, being bounded by Washington, Jackson, Scott and Devisadero streets, and faces Alta Plaza, which is four blocks in extent. Devisadero street is 82½ feet wide, and Jackson and Washington streets have been made about the same width; consequently this Block has wide avenues on three sides and a plaza four times as large as Union Square on the fourth. It is well situated in regard to view, commanding the whole southern portion of the harbor, mountains beyond and intervening part of the city.

The Pacific street cars will either pass directly by this property on Jackson street, or continue out Pacific street, and thus pass within 1 block of it. The title is perfect, having been passed upon by Richard Tobin, Esq; and J. R. Jarboe, Esq; and declared by these gentlemen to be one of the clearest and best titles in the Western Addition.

The Block has been divided into 44 lots, (maps can be seen at my office) and will be sold at the very low price of $525 per lot, in 35 monthly installments of $15, without interest. 24 of the shares were taken privately as offered, consequently 20 remain, and those desiring to obtain a valuable Homestead at a very low figure, will do well to call early.

For further particulars apply to
F. B. WILDE, 407 California street.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

The Traveling Public are Informed that we have RENEWED OUR LEASE OF THE

LICK HOUSE.

With sincere thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon us, we assure our patrons that we will continue to make this house the pride of San Francisco.

JOHNSON & CO., Proprietors
my16

DENTAL DEPOT.
R.H.McD & CO.

OF

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

DRUGGISTS.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

WE RESPECTFULLY CALL THE ATTENTION of Dentists to our large and well assorted stock of everything in this department:

Vulcanite Teeth, Plain and Gum Teeth,
Gold Foil, Blow Pipes, Corundum Wheels,
Files—a large variety, Impression Cups,
Franklin's Articulators, Plugging,
Instruments, Dental Lathes,

Vulcanizers—different kinds, vulcanizers,
Burs and Drills, Forceps—all kinds,
Mouth Glasses, Plate Cutters, Tin Foil,
Precipitated Silver, Etc., Etc.

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS,

A complete assortment constantly on hand, to which we invite the attention of the profession

Amputating Cases, Pocket Cases, Dissecting Cases, Catheters, and Rougees, Lecarificators, Eye Cases, Midwifery Instruments, Cupping Instruments, Stethescopes, Surgeon's Needles.

DENTAL CASES.

The very best, containing a large number of Instruments, Mouth Mirrors, etc. Cases made of Mahogany, brass-bound, with drawers, etc., all complete—price according to size and style from $76 to $175 each.

GOLD FOIL.

R. H. McDONALD & CO'S FOIL, from its large and constantly increasing Sale, is certainly the choice of a majority of Dentists on this coast.

Also, White's, Abbeys, Watt's, and other approved Foils, constantly on hand. Dental chairs and Office Furniture.

A GREAT PUBLIC GOOD.

City Land Association,

.....ON THE.....

MUTUAL PLAN.

Maps now Ready.

Incorporated under the Laws of the State of California.

WE have opened Books of Subscription for well-located Lots, of twenty-five feet front by one hundred feet in depth, at ninety dollars per lot, in payments of four dollars per month without interest or any other assessments. The property is situate on the Southern part of the San Miguel Rancho (U. S. Patent), and has a fine frontage on the San Jose Railroad. It is but a short distance from the Mission, and public streets are laid out to the very boundary of the tract, WHICH IS IN THE DIRECT LINE OF CITY IMPROVEMENTS. Every lot is suitable, at once for building purposes, and can be supplied with the Spring Valley water. The San Miguel Rancho title is a most perfect and reliable one. By a number of subscribers joining together in the purchase of this property, we can place the lots on the terms proposed, that is, at ninety dollars each, in payments of four dollars per month, without interest—giving the Association the benefit of the mutual principal, as incorporated in insurance and other companies. The streets and blocks are being laid out by Mr. W. P. Humphreys, the City Surveyor. The streets will be all eleven feet wider than either Washington or Clay streets, and the main avenue on the railroad is the width of Market street. There are no small streets.

This plan has been projected for the purpose of aiding all who may wish to benefit by it in obtaining lots at a very low rate, and thus giving to each one an opportunity to share in the profits of Homestead Unions.

The officers of this Association will be reliable business men, and one of our principal Banks the Treasurer of its funds.

Having been appointed Agents, until the organization is completed, we are ready to give to our friends and the public all the information on the subject that an experience of eighteen years in real estate in San Francisco qualifies us to render them.

The Books of Subscription are now open. Maps of the city, and of the Property, showing its exact location, with a plan of the streets, blocks, and lots, are now ready for distribution.

DUNCAN & CO.,

AGENTS FOR THE CITY LAND ASSOCIATION,

427 Montgomery street,

San Francisco, April 15th, 1868.

OCCIDENTAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

Southwest corner Montgomery and California streets.

CASH CAPITAL, $300,000

THIS COMPANY INSURE AGAINST LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE, on Dwelling Houses and all kinds of Buildings, and on Merchandise, Household Furniture, Vessels and their Cargo while in Port, and on all other insurable property at the lowest rates.

Losses liberally adjusted and immediately PAID IN UNITED STATES GOLD COIN.

Stockholders Personally Liable.

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MARITIME and all COMMERCIAL DOCuments and Writings drawn. Claims upon Insurers Adjusted.

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OFFICE—No 321 California street, southeast corner Sansome, San Francisco. no21

JONES TRACT.

HALF ACRE LOTS.

Only Three-Quarters of a Mile from Station on the Oakland Railroad,

In the vicinity of the Lake, making it very desirable. Splendid view; Good Soil, and

TITLE PERFECT.

The size of these Lots and their fine location, will command a ready sale.

PAYMENTS—One-fourth cash, and one-fourth each in six, twelve, and eighteen months, WITHOUT INTEREST.

☞ For Maps and all needed information, apply to E. C. SESSIONS, 507 California st ap18

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

SAN FRANCISCO and SACRAMENTO

WE CALL THE ATTENTION OF ALL Dealers in our line to our large assortment of "Newly Arrived" Goods, composed in part of the following articles, together with everything kept in a well supplied

WHOLESALE DRUG STORE:

Acids, Fancy Soaps,
Alcohol, Bay rum,
Ammonia, Pearl Barley,
Arrow root, Gum Camphor,
Cream Tartar, Spices,
Essential Oils, Cooking Extracts,
Indigo, Hops (fresh)
Castile Soap, Sulphur.

ASSAYERS' MATERIAL.

Crucibles, Retorts, Acids, and a general supply of all articles in this line,

ECLECTIC MEDICINES.

We are constantly receiving, per express, additional supplies from the manufactories.

Tildop's Sugar-Coated Pills, of nearly all the Concentrated Medicines, put up in bottles, constantly on hand.

PERFUMERY.

We are constantly receiving a general assortment of articles in this line, direct from Foreign and American manufactories.

PAINTS, OILS, AND VARNISHES.

Brushes, Feather Dusters, zinc White, Fireproof Paint, and Linseed Oil, boiled and raw.

TRUSSES, SUPPORTERS, ETC.

Gum Stockings, Shoulder Braces, Abdominal Supporters, Suspensary Bandages, Silk Elastic Bandages for Ladies. A very large assortment of articles in this line.

COAL AND KEROSENE OIL.

Burning Fluid, Lamp Oil, Neat's-foot Oil, Lard Oil, Camphene. Knowing the difficulty in procuring a good article, so necessary for brilliant light, we have taken extra pains to import them of the best quality, and can supply our customers with a superior article.

HERBS.

Fresh from the Shakers, and from all parts of the world, put up in various-sized packages to suit purchasers.

Medical Books supplied to our customers at the lowest cash price.

PATENT MEDICINES.

A LARGE SUPPLY OF ALL IN GENERAL USE. We are Agents for the following Medicines, besides others too tedious to mention:

All of Ayer's Preparations; All of Jaynes' Medicides; Holloway's Pills; Holloway's Ointment; Walker's Bitters; Hill's Hair Dye; Chevalier's Life for the Hair; Norwood's Veratri Verdi; Dr Hawley's Ague Cure; Moffat's Pills and Bitters; Cheeseman's Pills; Mott's Liver Pills; Wistar's Balsam; Spencer's Tooth Powder; all Radway's Preparations; Kendall's Amboline; Degraih's Electric Oil; Henley's Royal Balsam; Horsemon's Hope; Roger's Syrup Liverwort and Tar; Wm Hall's Lung Balsam; Scovill's Blood and Liver Syrup; Bakers Pain Panacea. Together with a most complete assortment of all goods in this line, which we offer at the lowest cash prices.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists, San Francisco, Cal

PACIFIC INSURANCE COMP'Y

OF

SAN FRANCISCO.

OFFICE - - No. 422 California street,
CORNER LEIDESDORFF.

CASH ASSETS:
January 1, 1868.....$1,289,818 09

ALL LOSSES PAID IN UNITED STATES GOLD COIN.

Fire, Ocean, Marine, Inland

INSURANCE.

Directors:

SAN FRANCISCO	Oliver Eldridge,
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fe15 H. H. BIGELOW, Gen'l Agent.

PATTERSON HOMESTEAD ASSOCIATION

HIGH STREET,

ALAMEDA.

LOTS 50 x 150 FEET.

SHARES, $250 EACH.

TERMS:

$20 Cash; Balance $10 per month, Without Interest.

TITLE PERFECT.

THIS BEAUTIFUL TRACT OF land is within five minutes' walk of High Street Station, Alameda Railroad, and has a fontage of one-half mile on High street, and about one-half mile on the county road from Oakland to San Leandro. The funds have already been subscribed for the erection of a fine Depot at Monte Vista Avenue, which is distant only eighty rods from the further portion of this tract; arrangements have already been made with the Railroad Company to establish a Station THERE. The Terminus of the Central Pacific Railroad is established in Oakland, and, within twelve months, this great Continental Highway will pass within sixty rods of this property, thereby insuring cheap, speedy and frequent communication with the city by the way of Oakland or Alamada. The surface is a gently undulating plain of great fertility, affording fine drainage, and requiring no grading. A never-failing stream of pure water, fed, by living springs, runs the entire length of the tract. In variety and beauty the scenery is unsurpassed. Around lies one of the loveliest valleys the sun ever shone upon—dotted here and there with rural village, embowered in ever-verdant groves, which the onward march of improvement will ere long convert into one grand city. To the north and east rise those grand old mountains, varying their expression with every returning season and with the changing light of every passing hour. To the south and west, around half the circuit of the horizon, lie the calm waters of our broad Bay while beyond the great Metropolis of the Pacific stands out in bold relief against the western sky—when not veiled by her banks of fog and clouds of drifting sand.

In all the requisites of desirable homestead lots, this property is unequalled. Persons desiring to secure lots which will prove a profitable investment, and which can be readily resold at a handsome advance, are invited to visit this property and judge for themselves.

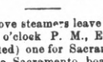
As there is not an undesirable lot in the tract, parties purchasing shares will not have to pay a high premium to secure choice lots. An early distribution of the property will be made.

One hundred acres of choice lands adjoining the property of the Association, delineated on the same map, are offered in subdivisions, to suit purchasers, on private terms For Maps, further particulars and shares, apply to

PHELPS & CROSETT,
No. 16 New Merchants' Exchange,
CALIFORNIA STREET,
One door below Montgomery Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.

California Steam Navigation Company

Office of the Company, northwest corner of Front and Jackson sts
SAN FRANCISCO.



Steamer CAPITAL.....Capt. E A POOLE
" **CHRYSOPOLIS** Capt. A FOSTER
" **YOSEMITE**.....
" **CORNELIA**.....Capt. W BROMLEY
" **JULIA**.....Capt. E CONCKLIN

Two of the above steamers leave BROADWAY WHARF at 4 o'clock P. M., EVERY DAY, (Sundays excepted) one for Sacramento and one for Stockton, the Sacramento boats connecting with light-draft steamers for Marysville, Colusa, Chico, and Red Bluff.

B. M. HARTSHORNE,
ap1 **President**

☞ **MONEY TO LOAN,** on City Real Estate, Factories, Shipping, and Merchandise, for such time as may be agreed for. Deposits received in small or large sums, at interest, by the CALIFORNIA BUILDING, LOAN, AND SAVINGS BANK, California street, one door west from Sansome street.

se23 **THOMAS MOONEY, President,**

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

408 Montgomery street,
SAN FRANCISCO.

PAID UP CAPITAL

ONE MILLION DOLLARS

FIRE AND MARINE

INSURANCE

At the Lowest Rates.

LOSSES PAID IN GOLD COIN.

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PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.'S STEAMSHIPS

For New York, Japan and China.

Will be dispatched as follows:

LEAVE THE NEW WHARF, Corner of FIRST and BRANNAN STREETS at 11 o'clock, A. M., of the following dates for PANAMA, connecting via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's splendid steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

On the 6th, 14th, 22d and 30th of each month.

Steamer leaving San Francisco on the 6th, touches at Manzanillo. All touch at Acapulco.

Departure of 14th is expected to connect with French Trans-Atlantic Co.'s steamer for St. Nazaire, and English steamer for South America. Through tickets can be obtained.

Departure of 14th is expected to connect with the English steamer for Southhampton, South America and Australia, and P. R. S. Co.'s steamer for Central America. Through tickets can be obtained.

Passengers berthed through.

Baggage checked through; 100 pounds allowed each adult.

An experienced surgeon on board. Medicine and attendance free.

These steamers will positively sail at 11 o'clock. Passengers are requested to have their baggage on board before 10 o'clock.

Through tickets to Liverpool by the Cunard, Inman, and National Steamship Lines can be obtained at P. M. S. S. Co.'s office, in San Francisco, where also may be obtained orders for passage from Liverpool or Southampton to San Francisco, either via New York or St. Thomas,—if desired, an amount of £10 to £20 will be advanced with the above orders. Holders of orders will be obliged to identify themselves to the Agents in England.

For Merchandise and Freight, for New York and way ports, apply to Messrs. Wells, Fargo & Co.

Steamship Great Republic, Capt. S. Doane, will be dispatched June 3, at noon, from wharf, corner First and Brannan streets, for Yokohama and Hongkong; connecting at Yokohama with the steamer COSTA RICA for Shanghai.

For passage and all other information, apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's office, Corner Sacramento and Leidesdorff sts. jy2

OLIVER ELDRIDGE, Agent,
P. M. S. Co.

PATTERSON HOMESTEAD ASSOCIATION:

We desire to call the attention of the public to the lands of this Association, believing that they offer inducements for profitable investment seldom equalled. These lands are situated within five minutes walk of the High Street Station, upon the Alameda Railroad, and have an extensive frontage upon the County Road, and also upon High Street. A never-failing stream of pure water runs the entire length of the tract, and the soil is rich and fertile. The view of the Bay, the City of San Francisco, and the adjacent Islands from this point, is one of great beauty. Every lot is eligibly situated for building, no grading being necessary, and there is not an undesirable lot in the tract. The climate of Alameda is noted for its salubrity, the cold winds and fogs so prevalent in San Francisco during the summer months, not reaching there. Commutation tickets are furnished by the Railroad and Ferry Company at five dollars per month. No well informed person doubts that San Francisco is destined to become a great city; no city in the world gives promise of a brighter future. From the frozen regions of the North to the Bay of Panama, no other harbor exist at all adequate to accommodate the commerce of the Pacific. With a warm and genial climate, our mountains rich in mineral wealth, and our valley of the Nile in fertility, a tide of immigration is setting towards us that will soon people our State with millions. Our grain, carried through the channels of commerce, is known in all the great marts of the world for its excellence, thus attracting attention and directing emigration to our shore. Never since the memorable years of eighteen hundred and forty-nine and fifty has the California fever raged as high in the Eastern States as it does now. Each mail brings us news of coming multitudes. Large amounts of European and Eastern capital are being sent here for investment; railroads are being built and manufactories established; and it is confidently believed that an era of unexampled prosperity is before us. San Francisco, as the great commercial center of trade upon this coast, has already felt the beneficial effects of our increasing prosperity, and a large advance in the price of real estate has been the result. In a short time the cheap lands that now surround our city will have attained a value that will place them beyond the reach of men of moderate means. This has been the case in Chicago, St. Louis, and other eastern cities, and it will soon be the case here. You now have an opportunity to secure, at a moderate price and upon easy terms, a home; and you are respectfully invited to visit the property offered, and inspect it for yourselves. Parties desiring to visit these lands will take the Alameda Ferry Boat, at their wharf on Davis Street, between Pacific and Broadway, and get off at the High Street Station.

Oakland Homesteads—The Jones Tract, only three-quarters of a mile from the Station on the Oakland Railroad. Half acre lots. Splendid chance for investment. Maps can be seen, and all needed information obtained at the office of E C SESSIONS, 507 California street. See ad.

Go to R. H. McDONALD & Co.'s Drug Store on Sansome street, corner of Pine, the Pioneer Druggists.

J. C. SPENCER'S

FRAGRANT

SAPOINE

FOR CLEANSING, WHITENING & PRESERVING THE

TEETH.

THIS DELIGHTFUL COMPOUND, so highly and delicately flavored by its own ingredients, is a most elegant Toilet Article, the most pleasant and convenient dentrifice in use.

It CLEANSES, WHITENS, and PRESERVES the Teeth, prevents aching and arrests decay, removes tartar, scurf, acid, accumulations, and all offensive substances from them. It prevents ulceration and strengthens the gums; induces a healthy action and consequent firmness and brightness of color; imparts a delightful and refreshing feeling to the mouth; corrects disagreeable odors arising from decayed teeth, use of tobacco, billious or acid stomachs making it really such a TOILET LUXURY, as to ensure its daily use by both children and adults, a practice so essential for the preservation of the teeth and health of the gums.

SAPOINE is an invaluabe agent in sickness, particularly in cases of Fever or languishing illness. A few drops added to a little water and agitated well in the mouth will remove the feverish coatings, bad taste and dryness, leaving the mouth cool and refreshed for a number of hours, which can be repeated as often as necessary. Sold by all Druggists on the Pacific Coast.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Drug Importers of San Francisco and Sacramento.

R.H.McDONALD&CO.
DRUGGISTS

AGENTS FOR

J. WALKER'S

VEGETABLE RENOVATING

VINEGAR BITTERS.

A NEW AND GREAT DISCOVERY!

A Certain Cure for all Diseases to which the Human Family are Subject, if taken in time.

MR. WALKER WISHES TO INFORM THE public that he has found a certain cure in the Vegetable Kingdom, in his travels among the Indians, for every disease that the human family is subject to, without the aid of calomel or any other mineral medicines. It is an infallible remedy for every disease, either for man, woman or child—and especially women. It is a perfect renovater of the system, by carrying off every particle of poisonous matter, wherein the old are made young, and the pale and sallow will become fresh and vigorous.

No family should be without them. $100 dollars will be given for an incurable case, where the Lungs are not too far gone or the bones are not destroyed by Minerals and other ways. Let no one despair, for it has cured hundreds after their physicians had given them up.

JOSEPH WALKER, Proprietor.

R.H.McDONALD & CO., General Agents
Corner of Pine and Sacramento streets,
San Francisco, Cal.

SAFETY FRICTION MATCHES

We are Wholesale Agents for the San Francisco Percussion Match Company. They are warranted to ignite in all climates, and are put up in wood, paper, and tin cases and convenient packages, for the use of families, saloons, hotels, parlor and pocket matches. Dealers will find it to their interest to purchase these matches.

R. H McDONALD & CO.,
ap18 Druggists, San Francisco.

TAKE NOTICE!

JUST RECEIVED

.....AT THE.....

EAST INDIA TEA COMPANY.

J. E. DIXON,

131 THIRD STREET,

Between Howard and Minna streets.

A LARGE STOCK of GROCERIES,

.....ALSO.....

A Large Assortment of Choice Wines, Liquors, Champagnes, Etc.,

Which we offer to the public at the following low prices:

5 lbs Candles for $1.
5 lbs Costa Rica Coffee, $1
Choice Mackerel $2 50 per kit
Coal Oil, $2 50 per can.
Oysters, $1 75 pe dozen.
Rice, 10 lbs for $1.
Chemical Olive Soap, $1 25 per box
7 and 8 lbs of White sugar for $1
9 and 10 lbs choice brown sugar $1.
5 lbs Raisins $1; 5 lbs Currants, $1;
5 lbs Prunes 1$.

A liberal deduction made for those purchasing a quantity of any of the goods offered.

☞ Call in and examine. Full weights guaranteed. Orders promptly filled, and delivered to all parts of the city free of charge. Country orders respectfully solicited, and forwarded to boats or the cars free of charge.

Don't forget the number, 131 Third street, between Howard and Minna.

EAST INDIA TEA COMPANY.

ap1 **J E DIXON,**

Private MEDICAL AID.

QUICK CURES

.....AND.....

MODERATE CHARGES.

DOCTOR DOHERTY'S

Private Medical and Surgical Institute.

SACRAMENTO STREET,

Below Montgomery,

(Opposite the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office.) Private entrance on Leidesdorff st., San Francisco.

Established Expressly to afford the Afflicted sound and scientific Medical Aid, in the treatment and cure of all Private and Chronic Diseases, cases of secrecy and all sexual disorders.

To the Afflicted.

DR. W. K. DOHERTY returns his sincere thanks to his numerous patients for their patronage, and would take this opportunity to remind them that he continues to consult at his Institute for the cure of chronic diseases of the Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, Digestive and Genito-Urinary Organs, and all Private Diseases, viz.: Syphillis in all its forms and stages, Seminal Weakness, and all the horrid consequences of Self-abuse; Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Strictures, Nocturnal and Diurnal Emissions, Sexual Debility Diseases of the Back and Loins, Inflammation of the Bladder and Kidneys, etc., etc.; and he hopes that his long experience and successful practice will continue to insure him a share of public patronage. By the practice of many years in Europe and the United States, he is enabled to apply the most efficient and successful remedies against diseases of all kinds. He uses no mercury, charges moderate, treats his patients in a correct and honorable way, and has references of unquestionable veracity from men of known respectability and high standing in society. All parties consulting him by letter or otherwise, will receive the best and gentlest treatment and implicit secrecy.

DR. DOHERTY would call attention to the following certificates, from two of his patients, who, having fully recovered their health, desire to make known their remedial agent. It will be seen their statements are fully authenticated by a notary public. The welfare of society imperiously demands their publicity, and they are given more to warn the unwary than to sound the praises of a physician, of whom hundreds of like cases can be cited, during a practice of more than fifteen years.

A CASE OF GLEET AND STRICTURE.

DR. DOHERTY—Dear Sir: I find my health so fully restored that, in common gratitude, I believe I should make you some written acknowledgement for my valuable services—particularly as my fee was small for the work performed.

I arrived in this city from the East about one year ago, and was then suffering from an old case of Gleet, complicated with stricture. The latter was so bad that I feared an entire stoppage of urine. Being a stranger in this city, and believing that those Doctors who gave such positive assurances of success were necessarily the best, I placed myself in their charge, and continued under their treatment until I had lost nearly all hope and a considerable sum of money.

I wish to say now that you are the sixth Doctor I have employed, and the only one that has ever done me any service. My Gleet is wholly cured, the Stricture is all removed, and my general health is better than it has been for years.

In conclusion, I would say to the many unfortunates who require medical advice, if you have any doubt as to whom you may employ, ask Dr. DOHERTY for my address, and call and see me (I keep store in this city.) My experience may save you many dollars.

I would also add, that in the early stage of my disease, I used a large amount of the preparations advertised as an infallible cure for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, etc., but never derived any benefit from them.

I am, Doctor, very truly, yours, L—— H——

San Francisco, June 16, 1864.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of July, A. D. 1864. A. S. GOFLD,

[L. S.] Notary Public.

SEMINAL WEAKNESS—A SWORN TO CERTIFICATE OF MOST REMARKABLE CURE OF SPERMATORRHŒA.

A desire to benefit suffering humanity, and a feeling of gratitude to DR. W. K. DOHERTY, alone induces me to make this statement. For many years I had been afflicted with that fearful disease known as "Spermatorrhœa," or Seminal Weakness, the result of self-abuse, but till 1858 experienced but little trouble or inconvenience; in that year, however, I had Seminal Weakness to a fearful extent, which was soon followed by the most alarming symptoms, as weakness of the back and limbs, pain in the head, dimness of vision, nervousness and general debility. My mind, too, was affected to such an extent as to seriously impair my memory; my ideas were confused and spirits depressed. I was averse to society, had evil forebodings and self-distrust, and was entirely unfitted for any of the duties of life. From 1855 to the Summer of 1865, I employed the very best medical talent I could find, and spent several hundred dollars, but in no instance obtained more than temporary relief. I had about concluded there was no relief for me in this world, but reading Dr. Doherty's advertisement, I thought I should call and see him, as he charged nothing for consultation. I had an interview with Dr. Doherty, at his office, in Sacramento street, and his fee for treatment was so reasonable, I determined to try him, though I did not expect much benefit from his treatment. On the 5th of December last, I placed myself under his care; in one week I found myself very much improved, and now, after five weeks treatment, I feel myself thoroughly cured of all my troubles, and in the enjoyment of the best health. Hoping that my experience may be of benefit to others similarly afflicted, I subscribe myself,

JAMES JOHNSTON.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 15 day of January, A. D. 1864.

[L. S.] A. G. RANDALL, Notary Public.

To Females.

When a female is in trouble, or afflicted with disease, as weakness of the back and limbs, pain in the head, dimness of sight, loss of muscular power, palpitation of the heart, irritability, nervousness, extreme urinary difficulties, derangement digestive functions, general debility, vaginitis, all diseases of the womb, hysteria, sterility, and all other diseases peculiar to females, she should go or write at once to the celebrated female doctor, W. K. Doherty, at his Medical Institute and consult him about her troubles and disease. Irregularities, suppressions, etc, will receive the Doctor's most particular attention. Let no false delicacy prevent you, but apply immediately and save yourself from painful sufferings and premature death. All married Ladies, whose delicate health or other circumstances prevents an increase to their families, should write or call at W. Dr. K. Doherty's Medical Institute, and they will receive every possible relief and help. The doctor's offices, consisting of a suit of six rooms, are so arranged that he can be consulted without fear of observation.

To Correspondents.

Patients (male or female), residing in any part of the State, however distant, who may desire the opinion and advice of Dr. Doherty on their respective cases, and who think proper to submit a written statement of such, in preference to holding a personal interview, are respectfully assured that their communications will be held most sacred. Dr. Doherty takes this opportunity, of observing, that all letters are only opened and replied to by himself, and that the latter as promptly as possible.

If the case be fully and candidly described, personal communications will be superseded, as instructions for diet, regimen, and the general treatment of the case itself (including the remedies) will be forwarded without delay, and in such a manner as to convey no idea of the purport of the letter or parcel so transmitted. Consultation (at the office or by letter,) FREE. Permanent cures guaranteed or no pay. Address,

WM. K. DOHERTY, M. D.,

mr25 San Francisco

LAND ASSOCIATION.

SONOMA VALLEY

THIS ASSOCIATION ARE THE proprietors of one of the most desirable Ranchos in Sonoma County, comprising about 14,000 acres, situated about 30 miles north of the city of Vallejo, the terminus of the California Pacific Railroad, 2 miles from Sonoma city, 3½ miles from Santa Rosa (the capital of the country), and 21 miles from Napa; and upon the line of the projected railroad from Vallejo, via Sonoma City, to Santa Rosa, etc. When this road is compleated these lands will be reached within three hours from San Francisco; and, as projected, will run through the centre of this tract. Farms thereon, in lots to suit purchasers, are now offered to public at low prices and upon very advantageous terms. The reputation of Sonoma Valley as a wheat-growing and wine-producing country, is so well established that it is unnecessary to dilate upon the subject. These land are particularly adapted to the culture of the grape. Large vineyards, producing the finest wines, exists in all parts of Sonoma Valley. Water and wood in abundance. The rapidity with which this country is becoming settled, the proximity of these lands to market, the quality of the soil, and the healthy and delightful climate, must cause a rapid increase of value. Two thousand acres of this land will be offered in ten-acre Homestead lots, for persons of small means who desire to secure to themselves a pleasant and profitable home; and will be sold with the facilities of payment granted by the various Homestead Associations organized in this city. The purchaser of one of these small farms will acquire a solid piece of property possessing an intrinsic value which he can either convert at once into delightful and productive residence, or rent, so as to realize an interest upon his investment. The building sites upon this tract are unsurpassed for beauty and natural advantages.

The Sonoma Valley Land Association have located a town to be called TEMPLEVILLE, upon a pleasant part of their tract, about half way between Sonoma City and Santa Rosa, where they offer

TOWN LOTS FOR SALE,

at the low price of TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS ($25) payable **$5 cash**, and the balance at **$2½** per month. A limited number of lots will only be sold. An opportunity is thus offered of securing a HOMESTEAD in a delightful country, where the climate is unsurpassed, and where there must be a great increase of value within a short time.

Title perfect—Government patent.

Maps of the Rancho, and of the surrounding country and town, can be seen at the office of the Association, No. 415 MONTGOMERY STREET, Office No. 1, where further particulars can be obtained.

my16 H. W. SPENCER, Secretary.

Ahead of all Competition

IN

RICHARDSON'S NEW METHOD

For the Pianoforte,

BEING THE

Only Book the Teacher Requires,

AND

The Book Every Pupil is Attracted to.

Its lessons are adapted to pupils of all ages, and its exercises attractive and useful in every stage of advancement. This book has, on account of its actual merit, become the standard work of Piano instruction, and the only one which every well-informed teacher and scholar uses. Price, 3,75; sent post-paid.

OLIVER DITSON & CO.,

Publisher, Boston.

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CONGRESS AND EMPIRE WATER,

We are agents for these Waters, and keep a large supply constantly on hand, in pints and quarts. These Waters are bottled fresh and pure from the Springs at SARATOGA, N. Y., in so careful and secure a manner that they preserve all their medical properties and value for years, and will be found to produce the same effect thousands of miles distant that they do when drank at the Springs. A perseverance in the use of these Water almost invariably cures the disease for which they are so highly recommended.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

Druggists and Agents,

San Francisco and Sacramento, Cal.

A CARD.

BUILDERS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

INCORPORATORS:

THOMAS MOONEY	NATHANIEL PAGE,
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CAPITAL:

$50,000, in 500 Shares of $100 Each

Policies issued on all classes of

FIRE AND MARINE RISKS.

METHOD OF BUSINESS.

First—Low Charges.

Second—Prompt payment of Losses.

Third—No Lawsuits.

Fourth—All disputes which may arise are to be settled by arbitration, as may be seen by the following agreement, which is inserted on all the policies, viz:

"It is hereby agreed, by and between the Builders' Insurance Company and ——— ———, the assured in this policy, that in case any difference shall arise touching any claim for loss or damage under this Policy, the same shall be submitted to Arbitrators—one to be chosen by the Company, and one by the assured; and in case of their disagreement, the two persons so chosen shall choose a third person—and the written award of two of the arbitrators, as to the amount of compensation for the damage sustained, shall be final and binding on the Company and the assured, without further recourse."

President.....THOMAS MOONEY

Secretary.....SAMUEL CRIM

Actuary.....JOHN FOWLER

☞ Office in the CALIFORNIA BUILDING AND SAVINGS BANK, California street, one door from Sansome. no20

☞ **Strangers Visiting San Francisco** can use the Burglar-Proof Vault of the CALIFORNIA BUILDING, LOAN, and SAVINGS BANK, California street, (one door from Sansome street,) for the temporary deposit of Gold Dust, Coin, Bonds, etc., at a small monthly rent, according to the value of the property deposited, for which the Company will be accountable.

THOMAS MOONEY, President.

PHILADELPHIA BREWERY

Second St., near Folsom, San Francisco

JOHN WIELAND

PROPRIETOR.

THIS OLD AND FAVORITE BREWERY has a larger patronage than any other establishment in the city. The Beer manufactured here is acknowledged to be superior to any beverage of a like nature produced in the State, and is a wholesome and refreshing draught for family use. The Brewery having been recently enlarged, orders, however large, from the city or interior, can be promptly supplied. The Beer from this Establishment enjoys the reputation throughout the State which is unequalled by any, and the proprietors are determined to maintain the fame they have achieved. Families supplied with any quantity on short notice, by the wagons that daily wait on customers throughout the city.

The country trade supplied on the most reasonable terms. All over the State the fame of this great Brewery is known, and also its popular proprietors.

NEW

HOMESTEAD ASSOCIATION.

$535 PER LOT,

In Thirty-five Monthly Installments of Fifteen Dollars,

WITHOUT INTEREST.

WITHIN THE LAST FEW DAYS A NEW Homestead Association has been projected in a portion of the Western Addition, which is to be opened by a line of cars this summer, within a few months. It is Block 464, being bounded by Washington, Jackson, Scott and Devisadero streets, and faces Alta Plaza, which is four blocks in extent. Devisadero street is 82½ feet wide, and Jackson and Washington streets have been made about the same width; consequently this Block has wide avenues on three sides and a plaza four times as large as Union Square on the fourth. It is well situated in regard to view, commanding the whole southern portion of the harbor, mountains beyond and intervening part of the city.

The Pacific street cars will either pass directly by this property on Jackson street, or continue out Pacific street, and thus pass within 1 block of it. The title is perfect, having been passed upon by Richard Tobin, Esq; and J. R. Jarboe, Esq; and declared by these gentlemen to be one of the clearest and best titles in the Western Addition.

The Block has been divided into 44 lots, (maps can be seen at my office) and will be sold at the very low price of $525 per lot, in 35 monthly installments of $15, without interest. 24 of the shares were taken privately as offered, consequently 20 remain, and those desiring to obtain a valuable Homestead at a very low figure, will do well to call early.

For further particulars apply to

F. B. WILDE, 407 California street.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

The Traveling Public are Informed that we have

RENEWED OUR LEASE

OF THE

LICK HOUSE.

With sincere thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon us, we assure our patrons that we will continue to make this house the pride of San Francisco.

JOHNSON & CO., Proprietors

my16

DENTAL DEPOT. R.H.McD & Co

OF

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

DRUGGISTS,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

WE RESPECTFULLY CALL THE ATTENtion of Dentists to our large and well assorted stock of everything in this department:

Vulcanite Teeth, Plain and Gum Teeth,
Gold Foil, Blow Pipes, Corundum Wheels,
Files—a large variety, Impression Cups,
Franklin's Articulators, Plugging,
Instruments, Dental Lathes,

Vulcanizers—different kinds, vulcanizers,
Burs and Drills, Forceps—all kinds,
Mouth Glasses, Plate Cutters, Tin Foil,
Precipitated Silver, Etc., Etc.

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS,

A complete assortment constantly on hand, to which we invite the attention of the profession

Amputating Cases, Pocket Cases, Dissecting Cases, Catheters, and Rougees, Ecarificators, Eye Cases, Midwifery Instruments, Cupping Instruments, Stethescopes, Surgeon's Needles.

DENTAL CASES.

The very best, containing a large number of Instruments, Mouth Mirrors, etc. Cases made of Mahogany, brass-bound, with drawers, etc., all complete—price according to size and style from $76 to $175 each.

GOLD FOIL.

R. H. McDONALD & CO'S FOIL, from its large and constantly increasing Sale, is certainly the choice of a majority of Dentists on this coast.

Also, White's, Abbeys, Watt's, and other approved Foils, constantly on hand. Dental chairs and Office Furniture.

A GREAT PUBLIC GOOD.

City Land Association,

.....ON THE.....

MUTUAL PLAN.

Maps now Ready.

Incorporated under the Laws of the State of California.

WE have opened Books of Subscription for well-located Lots, of twenty-five feet front by one hundred feet in depth, at ninety dollars per lot, in payments of four dollars per month without interest or any other assessments. The property is situate on the Southern part of the San Miguel Rancho (U. S. Patent), and has a fine frontage on the San Jose Railroad. It is but a short distance from the Mission, and public streets are laid out to the very boundary of the tract, WHICH IS IN THE DIRECT LINE OF CITY IMPROVEMENTS. Every lot is suitable, at once for building purposes, and can be supplied with the Spring Valley water. The San Miguel Rancho title is a most perfect and reliable one. By a number of subscribers joining together in the purchase of this property, we can place the lots on the terms proposed, that is, at ninety dollars each, in payments of four dollars per month, without interest—giving the Association the benefit of the mutual principal, as incorporated in insurance and other companies. The streets and blocks are being laid out by Mr. W. P. Humphreys, the City Surveyor. The streets will be all eleven feet wider than either Washington or Clay streets, and the main avenue on the railroad is the width of Market street. There are no small streets.

This plan has been projected for the purpose of aiding all who may wish to benefit by it in obtaining lots at a very low rate, and thus giving to each one an opportunity to share in the profits of Homestead Unions.

The officers of this Association will be reliable business men, and one of our principal Banks the Treasurer of its funds.

Having been appointed Agents, until the organization is completed, we are ready to give to our friends and the public all the information on the subject that an experience of eighteen years in real estate in San Francisco qualifies us to render them.

The Books of Subscription are now open. Maps of the city, and of the Property, showing its exact location, with a plan of the streets, blocks, and lots, are now ready for distribution.

DUNCAN & CO.,

AGENTS FOR THE CITY LAND ASSOCIATION,

427 Montgomery street,

San Francisco, April 15th, 1868.

OCCIDENTAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

Southwest corner Montgomery and California streets.

CASH CAPITAL, $300,000

THIS COMPANY INSURE AGAINST LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE, on Dwelling Houses and all kinds of Buildings, and on Merchandise, Household Furniture, Vessels and their Cargo while in Port, and on all other insurable property at the lowest rates.

Losses liberally adjusted and immediately PAID IN UNITED STATES GOLD COIN.

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MARITIME and all COMMERCIAL DOCuments and Writings drawn. Claims upon Insurers Adjusted.

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OFFICE—No 321 California street, southeast corner Sansome, San Francisco. no21

JONES TRACT.

HALF ACRE LOTS.

Only Three-Quarters of a Mile from Station on the Oakland Railroad,

In the vicinity of the Lake, making it very desirable. Splendid view; Good Soil, and

TITLE PERFECT.

The size of these Lots and their fine location, will command a ready sale.

PAYMENTS—One-fourth cash, and one-fourth each in six, twelve, and eighteen months, WITHOUT INTEREST.

☞ For Maps and all needed information, apply to E. C. SESSIONS,

ap18 507 California st

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

SAN FRANCISCO and SACRAMENTO

WE CALL THE ATTENTION OF ALL Dealers in our line to our large assortment of "Newly Arrived" Goods, composed in part of the following articles, together with everything kept in a well supplied

WHOLESALE DRUG STORE:

Acids, Fancy Soaps,
Alcohol, Bay rum,
Ammonia, Pearl Barley,
Arrow root, Gum Camphor,
Cream Tartar, Spices,
Essential Oils, Cooking Extracts,
Indigo, Hops (fresh)
Castile Soap, Sulphur.

ASSAYERS' MATERIAL.

Crucibles, retorts, Acids, and a general supply of all articles in this line.

ECLECTIC MEDICINES.

We are constantly receiving, per express, additional supplies from the manufactories.

Tildon's Sugar-Coated Pills, of nearly all the Concentrated Medicines, put up in bottles, constantly on hand.

PERFUMERY.

We are constantly receiving a general assortment of articles in this line, direct from Foreign and American manufactories.

PAINTS, OILS, AND VARNISHES.

Brushes, Feather Dusters, zinc White, Fireproof Paint, and Linseed Oil, boiled and raw.

TRUSSES, SUPPORTERS, ETC.

Gum Stockings, Shoulder Braces, Abdominal Supporters, Suspensary Bandages, Silk Elastic Bandages for Ladies. A very large assortment of articles in this line.

COAL AND KEROSENE OIL.

Burning Fluid, Lamp Oil, Neat's-foot Oil, Lard Oil, Camphene. Knowing the difficulty in procuring a good article, so necessary for brilliant light, we have taken extra pains to import them of the best quality, and can supply our customers with a superior article.

HERBS.

Fresh from the Shakers, and from all parts of the world, put up in various-sized packages to suit purchasers.

Medical Books supplied to our customers at the lowest cash price.

PATENT MEDICINES.

A LARGE SUPPLY OF ALL IN GENERAL USE. We are Agents for the following Medicines, besides others too tedious to mention:

All of Ayer's Preparations; All of Jaynes' Medicides; Holloway's Pills; Holloway's Ointment; Walker's Bitters; Hill's Hair Dye; Chevalier's Life for the Hair; Norwood's Veratri Verdi; Dr. Hawley's Ague Cure; Moffat's Pills and Bitters; Cheeseman's Pills; Mott's Liver Pills; Wistar's Balsam; Spencer's Tooth Powder; all Radway's Preparations; Kendall's Amboline; Degraih's Electric Oil; Henley's Royal Balsam; Horsemo.'s Hope; Roger's Syrup Liverwort and Tar; Wm Hall's Lung Balsam; Scovill's Blood and Liver Syrup; Bakers Pain Panacea. Together with a most complete assortment of all goods in this line, which we offer at the lowest cash prices.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

Druggists, San Francisco, Cal

PACIFIC INSURANCE COMP'Y

OF

SAN FRANCISCO.

OFFICE - - No. 422 California street,

CORNER LEIDESDORFF.

CASH ASSETS:

January 1, 1868.....$1,289,818 09

ALL LOSSES PAID IN UNITED STATES GOLD COIN.

Fire, Ocean, Marine, Inland

INSURANCE.

Directors:

San Francisco	Oliver Eldridge,
W C Ralston,	J B Roberts,
A L Tubbs,	S Steinhart,
William Alvord,	P L Weaver,
Jonathan Hunt,	William Hooper,
A B Forbes,	J W. Clark,
Anson G. Stilee,	A Hayward,
Abm Seligham,	T L Barker,
L B Benchley,	Alex. Weill,
William Sherman,	C Meyer,
L Sachs,	Chas E McLane,
James D Fremery,	M Rosenbaum,
John G Bray,	Henry Carlton. Jr.,
David Stern,	A J Ralston,
D O Mills,	T Lemmen Meyer.

I Friedlander,

Officers:

J. HUNT, President.

A. G. STILES, Vice President.

A. J. RALSTON, Secretary,

C. A. LATON, Marine Secretary.

fe15 H. H. BIGELOW, Gen'l Agent.

PATTERSON HOMESTEAD ASSOCIATION

HIGH STREET,

ALAMEDA.

LOTS 50 x 150 FEET.

SHARES, $250 EACH.

TERMS:

$20 Cash; Balance $10 per month, Without Interest.

TITLE PERFECT.

THIS BEAUTIFUL TRACT OF land is within five minutes' walk of High Street Station, Alameda Railroad, and has a fontage of one-half mile on High street, and about one-half mile on the county road from Oakland to San Leandro. The funds have already been subscribed for the erection of a fine Depot at Monte Vista Avenue, which is distant only eighty rods from the further portion of this tract; arrangements have already been made with the Railroad Company to establish a Station THERE. The Terminus of the Central Pacific Railroad is established in Oakland, and, within twelve months, this great Continental Highway will pass within sixty rods of this property, thereby insuring cheap, speedy and frequent communication with the city by the way of Oakland or Alamada. The surface is a gently undulating plain of great fertility, affording fine drainage, and requiring no grading. A never-failing stream of pure water, fed, by living springs, runs the entire length of the tract. In variety and beauty the scenery is unsurpassed. Around lies one of the loveliest valleys the sun ever shone upon—dotted here, and there with rural village, embowered in ever-verdant groves, which the onward march of improvement will ere long convert into one grand city. To the north and east rise those grand old mountains, varying their expression with every returning season and with the changing light of every passing hour. To the south and west, around half the circuit of the horizon, lie the calm waters of our broad Bay while beyond the great Metropolis of the Pacific stands out in bold relief against the western sky—when not veiled by her banks of fog and clouds of drifting sand.

In all the requisites of desirable homestead lots, this property is unequalled. Persons desiring to secure lots which will prove a profitable investment, and which can be readily resold at a handsome advance, are invited to visit this property and judge for themselves.

As there is not an undesirable lot in the tract, parties purchasing shares will not have to pay a high premium to secure choice lots. An early distribution of the property will be made.

One hundred acres of choice lands adjoining the property of the Association, delineated on the same map, are offered in subdivisions, to suit purchasers, on private terms For Maps, further particulars and shares, apply to

PHELPS & CROSETT,

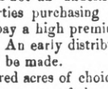
No. 16 New Merchants' Exchange,

CALIFORNIA STREET,

One door below Montgomery Street,

SAN FRANCISCO.

California Steam Navigation Company



Office of the Company, northwest corner of Front and Jackson sts

SAN FRANCISCO.

Steamer CAPITAL.....Capt. E A POOLE

" CHRYSOPOLIS Capt. A FOSTER

" YOSEMITE..... ——— ———

" CORNELIA.....Capt. W BROMLEY

" JULIA.....Capt. E CONCKLIN

Two of the above steamers leave BROADWAY WHARF at 4 o'clock P. M., EVERY DAY, (Sundays excepted) one for Sacramento and one for Stockton, the Sacramento boats connecting with light-draft steamers for Marysville, Colusa, Chico, and Red Bluff.

B. M. HARTSHORNE,

ap1 President

☞ MONEY TO LOAN, on City Real Estate, Factories, Shipping, and Merchandise, for such time as may be agreed for. Deposits received in small or large sums, at interest, by the CALIFORFIA BUILDING, LOAN, AND SAVINGS BANK, California street, one door west from Sansome street.

se23 THOMAS MOONEY, President.

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

408 Montgomery street,

SAN FRANCISCO.

PAID UP CAPITAL

ONE MILLION DOLLARS

FIRE AND MARINE

INSURANCE

At the Lowest Rates.

LOSSES PAID IN GOLD COIN.

Executive Committee:

Jos. A Donohoe, Chairman,	Abram Block,
Albert Dibblee,	R. F. Morrow,
James H. Deering,	H. W. Halleck,
John G. Bray,	William Pierce,
	James T. Dean.

GEORGE W. BEAVER.....President

W. W. WIGGINS.....Secretary

AMOS NOYES.....Marine Officer

E. N. TORREY.....Surveyor

Agents in New York:

EUGENE KELLY & CO., Financial Agents.

WREAKS & WALSH, Marine Agents.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.'S STEAMSHIPS

For New York, Japan and China.

Will be dispatched as follows:

LEAVE THE NEW WHARF, Corner of FIRST and BRANNAN STREETS at 11 o'clock. A. M., of the following dates for PANAMA, connecting via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's splendid steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

On the 6th, 14th, 22d and 30th of each month.

Steamer leaving San Francisco on the 6th, touches at Manzanillo. All touch at Acapulco.

Departure of 14th is expected to connect with French Trans-Atlantic Co.'s steamer for St. Nazaire, and English steamer for South America. Through tickets can be obtained.

Departure of 14th is expected to connect with the English steamer for Southhampton, South America and Australia, and P. R. R. Co.'s steamer for Central America. Through tickets can be obtained.

Passengers berthed through.

Baggage checked through; 100 pounds allowed each adult.

An experienced surgeon on board. Medicine and attendance free.

These steamers will positively sail at 11 o'clock. Passengers are requested to have their baggage on board before 10 o'clock.

Through tickets to Liverpool by the Cunard, Inman, and National Steamship Lines can be obtained at P. M. S. S. Co.'s office, in San Francisco, where also may be obtained orders for passage from Liverpool or Southampton to San Francisco, either via New York or St. Thomas,—if desired, an amount of £10 to £20 will be advanced with the above orders. Holders of orders will be obliged to identify themselves to the Agents in England.

For Merchandise and Freight, for New York and way ports, apply to Messrs. Wells, Fargo & Co.

Steamship Great Republic, Capt. S. Doane, will be dispatched June 3, at noon, from wharf, corner First and Brannan streets, for Yokohama and Hongkong; connecting at Yokohama with the steamer COSTA RICA for Shanghai.

For passage and all other information, apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's office, Corner Sacramento and Leidesdorff sts. jy2

OLIVER ELDRIDGE, Agent,

P. M. S. Co.

PATTERSON HOMESTEAD ASSOCIATION:

We desire to call the attention of the public to the lands of this Association, believing that they offer inducements for profitable investment seldom equalled. These lands are situated within five minutes walk of the High Street Station, upon the Alameda Railroad, and have an extensive frontage upon the County Road, and also upon High Street. A never-failing stream of pure water runs the entire length of the tract, and the soil is rich and fertile. The view of the Bay, the City of San Francisco, and the adjacent Islands from this point, is one of great beauty. Every lot is eligibly situated for building, no grading being necessary, and there is not an undesirable lot in the tract. The climate of Alameda is noted for its salubrity, the cold winds and fogs so prevalent in San Francisco during the summer months, not reaching there. Commutation tickets are furnished by the Railroad and Ferry Company at five dollars per month. No well informed person doubts that San Francisco is destined to become a great city; no city in the world gives promise of a brighter future. From the frozen regions of the North to the Bay of Panama, no other harbor exist at all adequate to accommodate the commerce of the Pacific. With a warm and genial climate, our mountains rich in mineral wealth, and our valley of the Nile in fertility, a tide of immigration is setting towards us that will soon people our State with millions. Our grain, carried through the channels of commerce, is known in all the great marts of the world for its excellence, thus attracting attention and directing emigration to our shore. Never since the memorable years of eighteen hundred and forty-nine and fifty has the California fever raged as high in the Eastern States as it does now. Each mail brings us news of coming multitudes. Large amounts of European and Eastern capital are being sent here for investment; railroads are being built and manufactories established; and it is confidently believed that an era of unexampled prosperity is before us. San Francisco, as the great commercial center of trade upon this coast, has already felt the beneficial effects of our increasing prosperity, and a large advance in the price of real estate has been the result. In a short time the cheap lands that now surround our city will have attained a value that will place them beyond the reach of men of moderate means. This has been the case in Chicago, St. Louis, and other eastern cities, and it will soon be the case here. You now have an opportunity to secure, at a moderate price and upon easy terms, a home; and you are respectfully invited to visit the property offered, and inspect it for yourselves. Parties desiring to visit these lands will take the Alameda Ferry Boat, at their wharf on Davis Street, between Pacific and Broadway, and get off at the High Street Station.

Oakland Homesteads—The Jones Tract, only three-quarters of a mile from the Station on the Oakland Railroad. Half acre lots. Splendid chance for investment. Maps can be seen, and all needed information obtained at the office of E C SESSIONS, 507 California street. See ad.

Go to R. H. McDONALD & Co.'s Drug Store on Sansome street, corner of Pine, the Pioneer Druggists.

J. C. SPENCER'S FRAGRANT SAPOINE

THIS DELIGHTFUL COMPOUND, so highly and delicately flavored by its own ingredients, is a most elegant Toilet Article, the most pleasant and convenient dentrifice in use.

It CLEANSES, WHITENS, and PRESERVES the Teeth, prevents aching and arrests decay, removes tartar, scurf, acid, accumulations, and all offensive substances from them. It prevents ulceration and strengthens the gums; induces a healthy action and consequent firmness and brightness of color; imparts a delightful and refreshing feeling to the mouth; corrects disagreeable odors arising from decayed teeth, use of tobacco, billious or acid stomachs making it really such a TOILET LUXURY, as to ensure its daily use by both children and adults, a practice so essential for the preservation of the teeth and health of the gums.

SAPOINE is an invaluabe agent in sickness, particularly in cases of Fever or languishing illness. A few drops added to a little water and agitated well in the mouth will remove the feverish coatings, bad taste and dryness, leaving the mouth cool and refreshed for a number of hours, which can be repeated as often as necessary. Sold by all Druggists on the Pacific Coast.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

Drug Importers of San Francisco and Sacramento.

R.H.McDONALD&Co DRUGGISTS

AGENTS FOR

J. WALKER'S VEGETABLE RENOVATING

VINEGAR BITTERS.

A NEW AND GREAT DISCOVERY!

A Certain Cure for all Diseases to which the Human Family are Subject, if taken in time.

MR. WALKER WISHES TO INFORM THE public that he has found a certain cure in the Vegetable Kingdom, in his travels among the Indians, for every disease that the human family is subject to, without the aid of calomel or any other mineral medicines. It is an infallible remedy for every disease, either for man, woman or child—and especially women. It is a perfect renovater of the system, by carrying off every particle of poisonous matter, wherein the old are made young, and the pale and sallow will become fresh and vigorous.

No family should be without them. $100 dollars will be given for an incurable case, where the Lungs are not too far gone or the bones are not destroyed by Minerals and other ways. Let no one despair, for it has cured hundreds after their physicians had given them up.

JOSEPH WALKER, Proprietor.

R.H.McDONALD & CO., General Agents

Corner of Pine and Sacramento streets,

San Francisco, Cal.

SAFETY FRICTION MATCHES

We are Wholesale Agents for the San Francisco Percussion Match Company. They are warranted to ignite in all climates, and are put up in wood, paper, and tin cases and convenient packages, for the use of families, saloons, hotels, parlor and pocket matches. Dealers will find it to their interest to purchase these matches.

R. H McDONALD & CO.,

ap18 Druggists, San Francisco.

TAKE NOTICE!

JUST RECEIVED

.....AT THE.....

EAST INDIA TEA COMPANY.

J. E. DIXON,

131 THIRD STREET,

Between Howard and Minna streets.

A LARGE STOCK of GROCERIES,

.....ALSO.....

A Large Assortment of Choice Wines, Liquors, Champagnes, Etc.,

Which we offer to the public at the following low prices:

5 lbs Candles for $1.
5 lbs Costa Rica Coffee, $1
Choice Mackerel $2 50 per kit
Coal Oil, $2 50 per can.
Oysters, $1 75 pe dozen.
Rice, 10 lbs for $1.
Chemical Olive Soap, $1 25 per box
7 and 8 lbs of White sugar for $1
9 and 10 lbs choice brown sugar $1.
5 lbs Raisins $1; 5 lbs Currants, $1
5 lbs Prunes 1$.

A liberal deduction made for those purchasing a quantity of any of the goods offered.

☞ Call in and examine. Full weights guaranteed. Orders promptly filled, and delivered to all parts of the city free of charge. Country orders respectfully solicited, and forwarded to boats or the cars free of charge.

Don't forget the number, 131 Third street, between Howard and Minna.

EAST INDIA TEA COMPANY.

ap1 J E DIXON.